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EPIDEMIC INFLUENZA.

PREVALENCE IN THE UNITED STATES.

In the following table an attempt has been made to present in as brief form as possible a statistical statement of the influenza epidemic in the United States up to and including the week ending November 2, 1918.

The table is based on telegraphic and mail reports to the Public Health Service. The mortality figures for cities have been checked wherever possible, with reports to the Bureau of the Census. should be kept in mind that the statement is far from being complete for any locality or State, particularly with respect to cases of influenza. Influenza was not made a reportable disease until the epidemic was well under way in many localities. In perhaps the great majority of localities where the prevalence of the disease was severe, physicians were too busy to make accurate and prompt reports to local health authorities. Furthermore, it must be obvious that the complete and regular collection and forwarding of reports from a large proportion of counties and towns in practically every State was almost impossible under the extraordinary conditions that For these reasons city or State totals for any given week are not exact or even more than approximately accurate. In some cases there are reasons to believe that they are far from accurate, and in nearly all instances, it is believed, the reported figures properly may be considered as considerably below the actual ones. Estimates have been employed in a few instances, but when estimates were necessary those reported by local or State health authorities have been used whenever possible.

With these limitations in mind, the following table should be used only as a rough index of the course of the epidemic in various sections of the country. It is presented as a preliminary compilation of such data as are now available, since the present data are being supplemented with information that, it is believed, will be more accurate and complete.

From the beginning of the epidemic to and including November 2 a grand total of approximately 115,000 deaths from influenza and pneumonia (all forms) had been reported to the Public Health Service.

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Cases of Influenza and Deaths from Influenza and Pneumonia (All Forms) as Reported to the United States Public Health Service.

NEW ENGLAND STATES.

	, E	NGLAN	DSTA	LEG.				
•	-			Week e	ending—			
	Sept. 14.	Sept.	Sept. 28.	Oct. 5.	Oct. 12.	Oct. 19.	Oct. 26.	Nov. 2.
Maine: Number of localities reporting Cases. Deaths			1 900	1,000	14 4,168 27	1,470 41	47 6,754 187	29 1,667 88
New Hampshire: Number of localities reporting Deaths Nashua—Deaths			1	6 98 13	8 393 57	11 52 2 4	3 53 14	1 4 4
Number of localities reporting Cases			² 6, 452	6 4,722		98 6,949	106 3 4, 576	
Number of localities reporting		265	50,000 775	(4) 45, 400 1, 214	(4) 40,000 1,027	589	226	137
Boston—Deaths Cambridge—Deaths. Fall River—Deaths Lowell—Deaths. Connecticut:		9 8	105 20 32	97 93	115 201 1 41	192 116	21 97 84	5 34 5 30
Cases. Deaths.			9,000	4 9, 000	430,000	\$22,534 \$2,625	10,895 1,229	7,900 1,600
MI	DDLE .	ATLAN	TIC ST.	ATES.		_		
New York: Number of localities (excluding New York City) Deaths.				61	61 1,400	61 2,719	61 3, 2 53	55 1,906
New York City— Cases. Deaths.	1				21,059 2,082	32,884 4,217	30,736 5,158	27,564 4,402
New Jersey: Cases. Deaths. Pennsylvania:			•			77, 215 3, 713	30,317 1,557	11,537 90 3
Entire State (excluding Philadelphia)—Deaths Philadelphia—Deaths				573 1, 625	1,765 3,060	5,026 4,218	7 5, 210 2, 341	6,270 1,203
EAST	NORT	H CEN	TRAL	STATE	s.			
Ohio: State—Cases			i			°125,000		
Othio: State—Cases Number of cities reporting cases Cases. Number of cities reporting deaths. Deaths.				4	4,402 18	3,782 1 6	70 26, 125 70	68 17,044 6 8
Deaths Indiana: Entire State (excluding Indianapolis)—Cases		•••••		21	311	700 10 16,170	1,541	1,613
Indianapolis— Cases Deaths		6	10	24	11 1, 510	1,881 128	1, <i>5</i> 77	605 86
Illinois: State—Cases Chicago— Cases				5, 185 2, 210	27,767 7,722	37, 355 12, 183	12 43,825 11,846	18 8, 402
Cases. Deaths. Michigan: State—			91	417	7,722 1,047	2,106	2,367	1,470
Cases				•		14 11,083 14 258	21,541 922	11,316 624
¹ Total for month of September, 1,54	4 cases.		10 Five	davs.				

¹ Total for month of September, 1,544 cases.
2 Total to date for month of September.
2 Week ending Oct. 21.
4 Estimate for State.
5 Excluding deaths from pneumonia.
5 Total to date.
7 For 6 days.
5 To date.
9 Estimated.

¹⁰ Five days.
11 Four days.
12 Oct. 28: Epidemic abating in northern section; at or just beyond crest in southern portion: severe in rural and mining sections. Crest apparently reached in Thicago.
13 38 localities, exclusive of Chicago.
14 Total, Oct. 1-18, inclusive.

Cases of Influenza and Deaths from Influenza and Pneumonia (All Forms) as Reported to the United States Public Health Service—Continued.

EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES-Continued.

	Week ending—								
	Sept.	Sept.	Eept. 28.	Oct. 5.	Oct. 12.	Oct. 19.	Oct. 26.	Nov. 2.	
Wisconsin: Number of localities (excluding Milwaukee). Cases.						13 3,379	12 4,875	10 2,655	
Milwaukee— Cases	4	5	13	15	69	1 2,117 113	2,056 175	018 125	

WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES.

		,				, 	,	,
Minnesota:			1	1		j	1	1
Number of localities reporting			.	.	. 47	5.5	97	(7)
Cases	.!	.	. 3 108		1,390	6,757	28,853	1,100
Iowa:		1	ı	1	1 '	1 7	1	-,
Entire State-	1	İ	ı	1	i	Į.	!	1
('ases				.!	1,062	17,040	21, 117	5,025
Deaths					13	115	184	4 112
Des Moines—	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Cases	1	1	1	1	562	751	542	112
Deaths.	1	1	1	1		13	1 8	1 9
Missouri:		1	1	1			1 "	, ,
Number of localities reporting	l	i	1	ļ	8	16	30	25
Cases		1	1		117	3,619	2,654	6,426
Deaths					103	3,318	692	661
(14. T)	1				103	310	092	1 001
Cases	1	78	1	1	1 004	4 042	2 000	0.0-0
Deaths		(9)			1,904	4,043	3,890	2,376
l'eaths					86	183	233	257
St. Joseph—Deaths Kansas (ity—Deaths	· · · · · · · · ·					85	111	50
Kansas (Ity-Deaths	5		10	37	96	168	193	197
North Dakota:	1	i	i	1	ļ			
Number of localities reporting						15	19	9
Cases		 	610,728		(7)	3 2,777	1,848	1,096
Deaths	l						114	74
Fouth Dakota:	l	1	1			i	1	l
Entire State-	ł		l	1				l
Cases		1	77	288	1,496	6,432	6,906	5,747
Deaths			l			88	195	218
Vohracka:								
Number of localities reporting						66	118	(2) -
Cases						10 17,000	20,835	13, 104
Deaths					• • • • • • • • •	11,	1,495	276
DeathsOmaha—Deaths			2	7	68	160	147	11 84
Sansas:	•		-	•	00	100	130	34
Number of localities reporting		l	1	ł	123	126	• 92	(9)
			81	1,327	10.569	14,892	12, 154	(³) 8,29 5
		····	1 91	1,321	10,009	14, 332	12,101	0,23
Topeka—		l		0-	920		409	107
Cases			4	25	330	•••••	30	165
Deaths				1	9	• • • • • • •	30	12
	•	i	i	1				

SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES.

Delaware 12		(13)	(13)	(12)	(13)	(13)	(12)	(13)
Maryland:			6 1,713	5,302	24,300		10,300	6,376
Baltimore – Cases Deaths.		5	19	3,275 117	9,309 563	5,227 1,357	2,700 1,073	€00 397
District of Columbia: Cases				14 1, 151	9,708	8,105	3,921	1,679
Cases	10			14 1, 151 181	9,708 547	8,105 606	3,921 372	1,67 15

¹ Five days.

- 2 Estimate for entire State. For entire State 475 Estimate for entire State. For entire State 475 deaths were reported.
 Total to date. Epidemic reported to be alaring.
 For less than 100 localities.
 No outbreak reported on Sept. 19.
 Total for September.
 Cases reported Oct. 1 to 15 for State, 5,833.
- 8 For 2 days only.
- Priire State.
- Entire State.
 Estimated.
 Exclusive of deaths from pneumonia.
 About Oct. 1-15 epidemic apparently highest; since then improving.
 No reports.
 For 5 days.

Cases of Influenza and deaths from Influenza and Pneumonia (Ali Forms) as Reported to the United States Public Health Service-Continued,

SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES-Continued.

	Weck ending—									
•	Sept.	Sept.	Sept. 28.	Oct. 5.	Oct. 12.	Oct. 19.	Oct. 26.	Nov. 2.		
Virginia: Number of localities reporting cases. Cases.			5 651	7 8,684	9,872	7 10,065	1 69 37,327	14 8,682		
Number of localities reporting deaths. Deaths.				1 36	3 257	339	69 575	14 190		
Richmond— Cases. Deaths. West Virginia 2 (excluding Charleston, Morgantown, and nitro plant): Number of legilities reporting	4	8	4	1,643 41	2,634 131	4,717 197	1,415 128	71		
Morgantown, and nitro plant): Number of localities reporting Cases Deaths.						45 9,641 101	39 3,058 204	7,170 8 405		
Charleston— Cases		4 1		94 2	892 29	718 32	345 74	405		
Morgantown— (ases	•••••			134	450 7	498 8	323 12			
Number of localities reporting Cases. Deaths.			•••••	29 1,188	40 12,680	27 12, 259 361	52 10,605 462	50 9,886 631		
South Carolina: Number of localities reporting Cases Charleston—		1		3,514	50 17,000	65 16,837	94 9, 894	78 3,5 27		
Cases. Deaths. Columbia—Cases Greenville—			2	1,253	41 4,427	² 2,393 69 1,500	811 105 474	4208 414 87		
Cases. Deaths. Spartanburg—Cases.			25 7	225 59	1,615 188	631 299	613 5 246	166 190		
Georgia: State Cases. Deaths. AugustaCases.	1					6,304 68	49,637 4308	3 4, 287 3 138		
Atlanta— Cases. Deaths Columbus—Cases.		٠,	3 4	34 14 7	371 836 30	337 1,594 81	239 4 598 101	254 368		
Florida: Number of localities reporting. Deaths 5. Jacksonville—Deaths 6.	1			1	450 28 294	828 28 422	4 590 28 338	389 27 226		
Jacksonville—Deaths 6					171	189	68	18		
-1	r sour	H CEN	TRAL 8	TATES						
Kentucky: Number of localities reporting Cases Number of localities reporting			(9)		ო	2 4,865	2,128	19 3,452		
deaths						513	316	19 290		
Cases	!.		3	5	80 129	5,589 058 182 193	1,469 40 166 127	592 22 71 54		
1 Except Oct. 26. 2 General condition in Stat 3 For 5 days. 4 For 6 days. 5 By date of death; subject 6 Epidemic in Louisville ab 7 312 cases on hand in Louis To date.	to corre			ng distric	cts greate	est pro bl	em,			

Cases of Influenza and Deaths from Influenza and Pneumonia (All Forms) as Reported to the United States Public Health Service—Continued.

EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES-Continued.

				Week o	nding—			
	Sept. 14.	Sept. 21.	Fent. 28.	Oct. 5.	Oct. 12.	Oct. 19.	Oct. 23.	Nov. 2
Alahama: Number of localities reporting Cases Birmingham—			9 260	35 5,340	(1) 12,898	(1) 19,891	(¹) 17,633	(¹) 25,10
Cases		2	5	17	5,000 61	2,441 110	(3)	166 83
Mississippi: Entire State—Cases							123,339	5 14, 450
WES	r sou	TH CEN	TRAL	STATE	3.	•	'	·
Arkansas:						1		
State (excluding Little Rock)— Cases. Deaths. Little Rock—Cases.						12,561	12,341 286	6,864 188
Louisiana: State—Cases		1	1	1,098	15, 491	2,844 47,062	506 50,859	195 35,204
New Orleans— Cases			3	29	7,641 127	17,070 447	13,810 813	4,225 371
Oklahoma: Number of localities reporting Cases Deaths	••••••			24 1,249		8 20, 019	28 9 16, 290	(7) 5,511 311
Okiahoma City— Cases						79	383 52	
Cexas: State—Cases Deaths El Paso—Deaths	•••••					(10)	(11)	3,891 287
Galveston— Cases	. .				337	168 340	184 269	
Deaths					10	21	33	
	MOU	NTAIN	STATE	s.		 	 -	
fontana: Number of localities reporting Cases					¹² 2,000	1 3 3, 579	14 14 3, 524	(7) 3,926
daho: Number of localities reporting Cases					43 	15 390 5	15 772 12	9 1,039 31
Stata			16 6,506			17 2, 500 65	¹⁸ 1,514	810
olorado: Number of localities reporting Cases Deaths		1	1	2	5 26	10 635 125	19 3, 552 19 612	(¹²) 4,894 411 177
State— Cases Deathsolorado: Number of localitics reporting Cases		1	1	2	5	65 10 635		, 552

¹ For State.

2 Epidemic reported to be "about spent."

* Epitemist report.

* For 6 days.

Estimated number of cases based upon number of physicians reporting, approximately 39,000 for week ended Nov. 2.

Estimated.

Epidemic stated to be probably at height.
 Epidemic stated to be probably at height.
 Improvement in some sections: spread in rural sections noted.
 Figures are for 4 days.
 33,878 cases in 121 counties to date.
 72,210 cases and 1,367 deaths to Oct. 24.

¹² Estimate for State.

Reported for State.

Reported for State.

For 6 days.

Incomplete.

¹⁶ Total to date.
17 Total on Oct. 16.
18 Incomplete. On Oct. 23 opidemic reported as subsiding except in districts recently invaded.
19 For entire State, 6 days. Reported that colliemic abating east of mountains, but at its neight in and west of mountains, and serious in mining sections.

Cases of Influenza and Deaths from Influenza and Pneumonia (Ali Forms) as Reported to the United States Public Health Service-Continued.

MOUNTAIN STATES-Continued.

	Week ending—								
	Sept.	Sept. 21	Sept. 28	Oct. 5	Oet.	Oet. 19	Oet. 26	Nov. 2	
New Mexico. Number of localities reporting Cases				6 152 2 260	13 601 45 1,016 5	6,775 194 3,530 72	20 1 3,522 348 2,320 239 2 2 864 73	20 4,362 508 1,491 124 22 992 85	
Entire State— Cases							369 24	381 25	

PACIFIC STATES.

		7	7		-			
Washington:		l	l	l			l	
Entire State-	i	I	I	I	l	l	[ŀ
Cases	1	[.[[5,580	7,339	10,028
Deaths			ſ .	[.			268	255
Seattle-	l	l	L	Ĺ	l .	l	ı	1
Cases				l	2,652	2,169	2,215	2,181
Deaths	!	l		3	33	77	158	104
Oregon:	i	i	l .	į.				;
Entire State—	1	l .	į.	ĺ		ł	l	1
Cases		l	(3)	l		2, 330	4 2,745	3,670
Deaths	-	-		.		32	122	222
Portland—	l .	1	l .	l	1		1	
('ases	L			-		879	4 1, 119	1,354
Deaths	<i>-</i>	-				15	86	142
California:	t	t	t.		1		t l	Ì
Entire State—Cases			57	505	4,501	28, 315	42,934	24,541
San Francisco—	ŀ	ŀ	}			1	1	•
Cases			10	26	486	4, 168	8,682	7,168
Deaths	6	14	15	15	19	130	553	738
	1	t	!	1				t

Improvement in larger towns; epidemic spreading to rural sections.
 Five days, for Ogden and Salt Lake City.

3 No cases to report. 4 Except for Oct. 25.

The following paragraphs summarize data received from November 2 up to and including November 6.1

Alabama.—It was stated on the 4th that the epidemic had about spent its force.

Alaska.—To November 6, 300 cases and 4 deaths have been reported at Ketchikan. The disease was previously stated to be spreading in the Nome territory.

Arizona.—It was stated on the 4th that conditions were about the same as a week before, except that a little improvement was noted in some places and a little extension of the epidemic in others.

¹ Unless otherwise stated, the word "cases" refers to cases reported as influenza and the word "desthe"; to deaths registered as due to either influenza or pneumonia.

California.—Up to the 6th 115,000 cases had been reported.

Colorado.—Conditions were stated to be improved slowly.

Indiana.—On the 5th it was stated that conditions were serious in coal-mining sections. On the 2d it was stated that the general situation was much improved.

Minnesota.—On the 4th the epidemic was stated to be subsiding in the southern part of the State and increasing in the northeastern part.

New Mexico.—Many small towns are stated to have been hard hit. It was reported on the 5th that the most severe part of the epidemic appeared to have been passed.

South Carolina.—It was stated on the 5th that the general situation indicated that complete control was being approached.

West Virginia.—A decrease in rural sections and an increase in coalmining towns and lumber districts was reported.

Number of Deaths from Influenza and Preumonia (All Forms) for Corresponding Weeks, After the Beginning of the 1918 Epidemic, Compared for Large Cities.

		Week preced-			Wee	k of epide	emic.		
City.	Population.	ing epi- demic.	First.	Second.	Third.	Fourth.	Fifth.	Sixth.	ceventh
Philadelphia	1,735,514	76	706	2,637	4, 597	3,021	1,203		
Baltimore	594, 637	19	117	563	1,537	1,0-3	397		
New Orleans	3:7,010	29	144	624	682	333			
Washington	310,000		38	181	547	606	-372	154	
Nashville	118, 136	5	129	193	127	54	•••••		
Boston	767.813	46	265	775	1,216	1,027	589	126	137
an Francisco	4-1.023	19	139	552	738				
'all River	129,828	9	20	97	201	192	97	34	
Richmond	158, 702	4	41	131	177	128	71		!
Lowell	114, 366	8	32	93	141	116	84	30	• • • • • • •
`ambridge	114, 293	4	105	112	115	63	21	19	
New Haven	152, 275	2	15	36	77	152	183	111	
demphis	151.877		80	182	166	71			
ayton	128, 939	5	31	134	137	115			
akland	206, 405	3	18	42	138	209			
leveland	692, 259	42	168	453	682				
hicago	2,547,201	91	417	1,047	2, 105	2,357	1,40		
New York	5,737,492	191	733	2, 121	4, 237	5, 201	4, 402		
maha	177,777	7	68	169	147	84 .		!	
Rochester	204,714	6	3 6	102	213	209			· · · · · · •
onisville	240,808	14	92	187	181	60			
Birmingham	189,716	5	17	61	110	133	85	,	
Cansas City	305, 816	10	37	96	168	193	197		
enver	268,439	19	59	139	147	98 .		!	
olumbus	220, 135	10	28	73	117	94 .		'	
tlanta	196, 144	7	30	81	101				
ndianapolis	283, 622	10	24	46	128	115	13		
lilwaukee	445,008	15	69	113	175	125	1		
t. Louis	768,630		86	156	233	257	1		

As reported to the U.S. Public Health Service and checked with figures published by the Bureau of the Census.

Deaths per 190,000 of Population from Influenza and Pneumonia (All Forms) for Corresponding Weeks after the Beginning of the 1918 Epidemic, Compared for Large Cities.

	City. Population.	Week preced-			Wee	k of epid	emic.		
City.	Population.	ing epi- demic.	First.	Second.	Third.	Fourth.	Fifth.	Sixth.	Seventh.
Philadelphia Baltimore New Orleans Washington Nashville	377.010 370.000	4.4 3.2 7.7 4.2	40.7 19.7 38.2 10.3 109.2	151.8 94.6 165.5 48.9 163.4	264.9 258.7 180.8 147.9 107.6	174.1 189.5 88.4 168.8 45.7	69.3 66.8 100.5	41.6	
Boston San Francisco Fall River Richmond Lowell	129. 828 158. 702 114, 366	6.0 4.0 6.9 2.5 7.0	34.5 27.6 15.4 25.8 28.0	101.0 117.2 74.7 82.6 81.3	158. 4 156. 6 154. 8 111. 5 123. 3	133.9 147.9 80.7 101.4	76.7 74.8 44.7 73.4	16. 4 26. 2 26. 2	17.9
Cambridge	114, 293 152, 275 151, 877 128, 939 206, 405	3.5 1.3 3.9 1.5	91.9 9.9 52.6 24.1 8.7	122.5 23.6 119.8 108.9 20.7	100.6 50.6 109.4 106.8 66.8	\$5.1 99.8 46.7 \$9.2 101.3		16.6 92.6	
Cleveland	692, 259 2, 547, 201 5, 787, 492 177, 777 264, 714	5.8 3.6 3.8 3.9 2.3	24.8 16.4 12.8 38.2 13.6	65.4 41.2 37.0 90.0 38.6,	98.5 82.7 73.9 82.7 80.0	92.9 90.8 47.2 79.0	76.8	••••••	
Louisville	249, 808 - 189, 716 305, 816 268, 489 220, 135	5.8 2.6 3.3 7.1 4.5	38. 2 9. 0 12. 1 22. 0 12. 7	74.8 32.2 31.4 51.8 33.2	75. 2 58. 0 55. 0 54. 8 53. 1	28.7 70.1 63.1 36.5 42.7			
Atlanta	196, 144 283, 622 445, 908 768, 630	3.6 3.5 3.4	15.3 8.5 15.5 11.2	41.8 16.2 25.4 20.3	51. 5 45. 1 39. 3 30. 3	40. 6 28. 1 33. 5	4.6		

As reported to the United States Public Health Service and checked with figures published by the Burcau of the Census.

Cases of Influenza Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones.

	Cases reported week ended									
State and zone.	Sept.	Sept.	Sept.	Oct.	Oct. 12.	Oct. 19.	Oct. 28.	Nov.		
Massachusetts: Devens		•••••		18	53	46	58	13		
District New York: Upton	12	170	617	835	688	582 465	235 1 53	114		
New Jersey: Dix			(¹)	(¹) 742	45 589	48	124 209	4 9		
Iowa: Dodge	•••••		3	10	545	853	365	126		
FunstonLeavenworth		2	4	23	223 102	354 145	212 205	;;;		
Virginia:			-			140		143		
HumphreysLee	!	•••••	66	117 2,488	602 2,492	1,940	145 595	72 395		
Portsmouth and Norfolk County health district	1	7	456	4,674	4,144	1,386	637	145		
Tidewater bealth district North Carolina: Greene		3	219	594 546	787 803	1,751 452	493 260	804 61		
South Carolina: Jackson			2	1,253	4,427	1,500	474	87		
Sevier			26 7	403 69	1,718 231	631 477	388	166 234		

¹ Increase.

Cases of Influenza Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones-Continued.

	Cases reported week ended—									
State and zone.	Sept.	Sept. 21.	Sept.	Oct. 5.	Oct. 12.	Oct. 19.	Oct. 26.	Nov. 2.		
Georgia: Gas and Flame School Gordon Hancock Fioric acid plant Wheeler Florida: Johnston Kentucky and Indiana: Tavlor Georgia and Tennessee: Oglethorpe Alabama: McClellan Sheridan Mississippi: Gullport health district Shelby Arkansas: Eborts Fike Louisiana: Beauregard Oklahoma: Doniphan Texas: Bowie Logan MacArthur Travis Washington: Bremerton Lewis Vancouver		2	3 3 8	51 35 264 28 198 380 31 69 6 453 50 0 89 1,285 212 6 505	730 844 371 150 152 2,944 3,620 880 609 220 1,161 252 4,299 886 13 316 125 281 861 125	1, 468 1, 598 1, 598 337 248 880 1, 750 3, 772 2, 203 577 256 1, 450 3, 137 1, 735 117 241 175 313 2, 476 457 468 593	1,257 707 244 81 932 541 2,082 531 75 1,614 289 378 651 620 180 192 144 404 2,176	531 372 281 522 233 1,146 73 232 55 753 107 219 324 253 12 33 844		

INFLUENZA IN EUROPE.

Because of the present great interest in the occurrence of influenza, and the inaccessibility of most foreign medical journals, it has been thought advisable to reproduce the following excerpts from the August number of Bulletin Mensuel Office International d'Hygiène Publique:

Spanish Grippe in the Netherlands.

[Nederlandsch Tijdschrift voor Geneeskunde, July 13, 1918, pp. 108 and 111.]

The Netherlands seem so far (July, 1918) to have been spared by the epidemic, but some cases have been reported among British soldiers interned in a camp at Groningen; 38 cases were observed at Losser; some at Ecluse (among troops), at Dalen, and at Rotterdam. The central board of health addressed a circular to physicians requesting them to report as promptly as possible any cases coming under their observation, as well as any epidemiological or other data concerning the epidemic.

In the same number of the Nederlandsch Tijdschrift voor Geneeskunde (p. 106) indications are given relative to the grippe in Berlin. Cases are stated to be very common but not grave. The clinical picture presented is the same as elsewhere: Sudden onset, high fever, lassitude, pain in the head, back, and limbs, often light bronchitis and laryngitis. The malady is not distinguishable from influenza,

although the specific bacillus has not been discovered, this being doubtless due to the slight degree of intensity in the bronchial symptoms.

Grippe in Switzerland.

[Bulletin du Service Suisse de l'Hygiène publique, July 13 and 20, 1918, pp. 312 and 317.]

The so-called Spanish grippe became prevalent in Switzerland toward the end of June, 1918, after having invaded a number of European countries, originating probably at the fronts of the several combating armies. There seems to be no doubt that we have to do with an epidemic of influenza the progress and clinical manifestations of which resemble those observed in the pandemic 1889–1894. To the present time the disease has continued to be benign, except in the case of certain fatal pulmonary complications, cases prolonged by relapses or various sequelæ, and cases supervening on pre-existing affections which they aggravate.

The infectious germs are found in the sputum of patients and their nasal and pharyngeal mucosa. They are propagated in general directly from individual to individual by means of droplets emitted in coughing, etc. Consequently, the proximity of patients should be avoided and handkerchiefs and other articles which have been soiled by patients should be disinfected.

It is evident that given the extreme prevalence of the disease its prophylaxis is very difficult. Precautions may be taken, however, and in this connection we may recall the recommendations presented by F. Schmid in his work on the epidemic of 1889-90. Careful hygiene of the mouth and the use of antiseptic gargles may be recommended to all. Persons predisposed to catarrhs of the air passages should refrain from participating in assemblages held in closed places; in general, the gatherings of people in crowds, as in theatrical representations, etc., should be prohibited.

Note on Grippe in Switzerland.

[By Jules Renault, Bull. Arad. de Médirine, Vol. LXXX, No. 31 (session of Aug. 6, 1918), p. 153.1

Dr. Jules Renault had occasion in the course of a mission in Switzerland, to study the epidemic of grippe now prevailing in that country and which has from the outset presented a peculiarly grave character due mainly to frequent pulmonary complications. The serious consequences of these complications and the mortality resulting from them gave rise to the belief among the public that we were in the presence of a peculiarly grave epidemic. In reality we have to consider it simply as a grippe epidemic.

Bacteriological examinations of the bronchial secretions in the uncomplicated forms has in some cases demonstrated the Pfeiffer bacillus, which is not found in pulmonary complications. In these

latter cases the pneumococcus, or the small chain diplococcus has been constantly present during life and after death. These latter agents have also been found in the blood cultures.

The various observations, anatomo-pathologic and bacteriologic, made during the present epidemic, recall in all respects those made at the time of the influenza epidemic of 1889-90 and coincide completely with those made recently in Italy, Spain, France, and wherever else the present pandemic designated as "Spanish" grippe and which seems to represent only a revival of virulence in the uninterrupted course of the old grippe of 1889-90, has been present.

In spite of its extreme diffusion, the affection is one which is relatively not very grave and for which quarantine and disinfection on the frontier would be unjustifiable and useless.

The risk of contagion may be diminished by individual care of the nasal passages and throat and especially by avoiding visiting patients and participating at large assemblies. The risk of pulmonary complications may be considerably diminished by sedulous care from the outset of the disease and for as long a time thereafter as may be necessary.

At the session of the Academy of Medicine of August 13, 1918, Dr. F. Bezancon, referring to the communication of Dr. J. Renault, stated that he had observed a number of cases of grippe in the French repatriated from Switzerland. These cases were in all respects comparable with the cases of epidemic influenza observed in 1889. They owed their gravity to the frequency and severity of broncho-pulmonary and pleural complications. As in former epidemics, the present grippe exhibits the pneumococcus as the predominant microbe.

The autocthonic epidemics observed during the month of May, 1918, among the military and in workshop employees have in general been markedly benign.

In certain foci the predominance of gastro-intestinal troubles, suddenness of attack, and the number of cases occurring within a few hours of each other, have suggested the possibility of a collective alimentary intoxication.

Among the rather special complications observed one of the most curious was the rather sudden appearance in a number of cases of herpes zoster as a sequel of the grippe. More than a dozen of such cases were observed in the course of a month.

The Nature of the Present Epidemic.

[Il Policlinico July 28, 1918, p. 713.]

Although it made its first recognized appearance in Spain, where from the outset it spread extensively and rapidly, the exact origin of the disease which has become pandemic in most of the countries in Europe is not known. The name "influenza" is convenient and has

been largely applied to the disease, but within the knowledge of the writer of this article the specific bacillus has almost never been discovered. Many authors have spoken of dengue, many also of pappataci fever, some of trench fever.

A very clear statement of the question has been made by Sampietro in the Annali d'Igiene of June 30, 1918. The symptoms, course. prevalence, pathogenic agent, and mode of transmission of the several diseases considered are summed up by him in a comparative table. What he says of influenza (variable onset, symptomatology diverse. but with preponderance of catarrhal phenomena especially of the respiratory passages, irregular course, pathogenic agents, mode of transmission) is evidently not in accord at all points with the present disease. To Sampietro the resemblance of the fever to that of pappataci appears striking. Moreover he points out that the insects of transmission may not have been recognized everywhere: they may casily escape observation and their habits are imperfectly known to The possibility of another mode of transmission should also be remembered, namely direct contact (naso-pharyngeal and tracheal secretion). This may have permitted the disease to spread to localities from which the sand flea is habitually absent.

Gippe in Spain.

[Communication a I tresse I to the International Office of Public Hygiere by Dr. Manuel Martin de Salazar, Inspector General of Public Health for the Ministry of the Interior, at Madrid.]

During the last two weeks in May, 1918, and almost simultaneously with the presence of a large number of visitors to the city, there was observed at Madrid a considerable increase in the number of cases of sickness, exceeding to an extraordinary degree the figures furnished by the statistics of previous years.

On the information thus far at hand it may be stated that from the beginning of the outbreak the disease appeared to have the characteristics proper to all the epidemics recorded in history under the name of influenza, grippe, or trancazo (beating with sticks). The great infectivity of the disease, its short duration, and its relatively benign character, are marked features. It was at first surprising that the epidemic appeared to prevail only at Madrid without being transmitted to other communities. But the inspector general of public health was soon informed that the epidemic had spread rapidly to the provinces, presenting the same characteristics as at Madrid; the same power of dissemination, the same relative benignity, even the same short duration and identical proportions in hospitals, and that it followed in its progress and propagation the ordinary routes of travel and communication. The clinical course of the disease is about as follows: After one to three days of malaise, headache, in some cases epigastric burning and undefined chill, but in most cases

without these premonitory symptoms, fever appears, accompanied by dryness and turgidity of the skin, intense headache with tendency to vertigo and pains in the limbs, particularly the joints. The fever rises in the space of a half day, to 40° or even 41° Centigrade. To these febrile phenomena are added the usual symptoms of anorexia, a coated tongue, intense thirst, and marked epigastric sensitiveness. All these symptoms persist for three or four days, in general for three days, rarely for a longer period. Then, following abundant perspiration or nose bleed, and often of diarrhea, these symptoms show a marked decline and only the pain in the joints and a general feeling of weakness persist. From this moment the patient enters on the period of convalescence, although this may be interrupted by relapses of short duration.

The present epidemic of grippe has exhibited two principal forms, one of which may be termed rheumatoid and the other catarrhal. These varieties have exhibited as common characteristics sudden onset, with great elevation of temperature, intense headache, convulsive muscular and articular pains, a rapid cycle of evolution, and great weakness in convalescence, which persists quite a long time.

The rheumatoid form has generally been benign except for complications involving the kidneys and heart (these manifestations being, however, more frequent in the other form) while the catarrhal form has generally presented a much graver type of illness, sometimes developing with fatal results into pneumonia and broncho-pneumonia.

So far as laboratory research is concerned, microscopic examination of the sputum of patients has shown (in addition to a multiplicity of germs seemingly of varied origin) the constant presence of a short bacillus, isolated or in the form of diplo-bacilli or of strepto-bacilli in small chains. The almost constant presence of two abundant streptococci was also observed, one large and the other small. Finally, there has been found, with relative frequency and, so to speak, in a state of pure culture, the classic bacillus of Pfeiffer. If at first the existence of this bacillus has not been clearly apparent (perhaps on account of faults of technique and as a result of the frequent associations which conceal its presence), it has been finally verified in the greatest number of cases in a very definite manner.

Demographically the salient facts brought out by statistical data in regard to the epidemic are as follows: The sharp increase of morbidity began May 27, after three days of slight accentuation in the number of deaths, and attained the highest figure, 115 deaths, on May 31. This is double the normal average for this period of the year. During the first eight days of June the deaths varied between 95 and 100, with a tendency to diminish, which became more accentuated during the second week in June.

Another fact brought out very clearly by the demographic studies is that the sharp increase of mortality was produced in the respiratory affections and chronic cardiopathies, especially the former, and in these the tuberculous affections have paid the highest toll to the epidemic.

Another observation is deduced from the tables according to age. Mortality was proportionately less high among children and old men and greatest among adults from 20 to 39 years of age, to which class its attacks were almost exclusively directed.

Conclusions.

- 1. Without any doubt, the epidemic, judged by the clinical picture and by laboratory researches, has been frankly of grippal origin.
- 2. Its powers of expansion and dissemination have been much remarked and very considerable; also its short duration and relative benignity. From this point of view it has presented a contrast to the epidemic of the year 1889 which was invested with a much graver character, the differences being due to the different period of the year in which the epidemics occurred.
- 3. The great power of diffusion of the epidemic has been observed to be most marked in places in which a great number of persons have assembled daily, notably in barracks, theaters, central postal and telegraph offices, workshops, and industrial localities, where a large number of persons congregate during fixed hours.
- 4. The greatest number of cases were among adults from 20 to 30 years of age; on the other hand, in children under 5 years and in old men the disease has been very rare.
- 5. Those most heavily struck by the disease have been the cardiacs and the tuberculous; the latter have paid the heaviest tribute to the disease.

A SECOND EPIDEMIC IN SPAIN?

Through the Consular Service, the United States Public Health Service is kept informed concerning the prevalence of the more important communicable diseases throughout the world. In connection with the account already given concerning epidemic influenza in Spain in May and June, the following excerpt from a report forwarded through official channels by the American consul at Valencia, Spain, is of the highest interest. Attention is particularly called to the date of the report, namely, September 21, 1918.

"I have the honor to inform you that in this Province, as in all the rest of Spain, an epidemic has developed which in some towns has assumed an alarming character, more than 1,000 cases appearing in one town of 3,000 inhabitants. I proceed to relate the data which

¹ On the pundemic of grippe of 1883-90, see a note appearing in Vol. XXII (1892) of the Recueil des Travaux du Comité Consultatif d'Aygiène publique de France, p. 75.

1927 November 8, 1918.

I have been able to obtain relative to said disease, which it has not yet been possible to diagnose exactly, but which appears to be highly contagious.

"It also appears that in the municipal laboratory a microbe has been isolated by Dr. Colvèo which is always found in the sputum and sometimes in the blood of those attacked by the disease in question. Dr. Colvèo refuses to give any details of this pathogenic agent, stating that he is still engaged in his study of the disease, and is making microphotographic studies and experiments on animals in said laboratory. It is also stated that the sputum is the principal infecting material, and that all the measures possible for the sterilization of sputum will be beneficial in limiting the spread of the disease.

"It is declared that the disease is one whose pathogenic agent has not yet been certainly discovered in Spain, nor in many other countries in which attempts have been made to investigate it."

BACTERIOLOGY OF EPIDEMIC INFLUENZA IN GERMANY.

Following is a summary of several articles and discussions appearing in some of the German medical periodicals this summer. (Deutsche med. Wehnschr., 1918. Vol. 44, pp. 775, 808, and 863. Editorial notes, München, med. Wehnschr., 1918. Vol. 65, p. 804.)

The pandemic of influenza has not spared any single part of Germany. The clinical course does not seem to differ from that run by the disease in this country. Relapses and fatal pneumonias are particularly noted. The clinical picture is declared to be identical with that of the last pandemic of 1889. At a special meeting of the Munich Medical Society on July 9 it was brought out that it is mainly persons under 30 years of age who fall victims to the disease; this was explained by a survival immunity in the elder generation. Bacteriological studies showed that Pfeiffer's bacillus was found only exceptionally; streptococci, and occasionally pneumococci, were recovered from the sputum, organs, and blood of patients. Similar findings were recorded in 1889, so that the present findings are in keeping with precedent. Attention is called to the fact that Pfeiffer's bacillus was not found until 1892, although it should have been impossible to overlook it in 1889; hence it may well be that we shall find that Pfeisser's bacillus is not related to the present epidemic. Various observers report finding of influenza bacilli in current cases but not uniformly. Gruber of Munich says "Influenza bacilli not found yet-investigations proceeding." Friedmann of Berlin finds that the symptomatology and complications correspond exactly with those of 1889-90. He has not found the Pfeiffer's bacillus; streptococci and pneumococci being the most

common agents of the complicating pneumonias. Uhlenhuth so far reports the same contradictory results from Strassburg.

The university clinic of Budapest telegraphed August 1 that the bacteriological investigations of some 200 cases had demonstrated Pfeiffer's bacillus as the cause of the outbreak.

Under the date of July 18 Kolle reported from Frankfurt his failure to detect Pfeiffer's bacilli in any of the few cases which he had thoroughly examined. In practically all cases, however, there were found large numbers of Gram positive coccus—often in a pure culture or in symbioses with pneumococci. The diplococcus tended to develop involution forms and to grow in very long chains in the condensation water. He regards them as agents of a secondary infection and believes that the "Spanish disease" may not be identical with the pandemic influenza of 1889 to 1893.

BIRTH STATISTICS, UNITED STATES BIRTH REGISTRATION AREA, 1916.

According to an advance summary of a report, "Birth Statistics in the Registration Area of the United States, 1916," issued by Director Sam L. Rogers of the Bureau of the Census and compiled by Dr. William H. Davis, chief statistician for vital statistics, 818,983 infants were born alive in 1916 in the United States registration area for births. This area, which comprises the six New England States, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, and the District of Columbia, had an estimated population of 33,000,000, or about 32 per cent of the total population of the United States, so that the 818,983 births represented a rate of 24.8 per 1.000 of population. The total number of deaths in the same area was 486.682, or 14.7 per 1,000. The births thus exceeded the deaths by more than 68 per cent. For every State in the registration area, for practically all the cities, and for nearly all the counties, the births exceeded the deaths, usually by substantial proportions. The mortality rate for infants under one year of age averaged 101 per 1,000 living births.

Comparison with 1915.

The birth rate for the entire registration area fell below that for 1915 by one-tenth of 1 per 1,000 population, while the death rate exceeded that for 1915 by seven-tenths of 1 per 1,000. The excess of the birth rate over the death rate for 1916, 10.1 per 1,000, was thus a little less than the corresponding excess for 1915, which was 10.9 per 1,000. If the birth and death rates prevailing in the later year were to remain unchanged, and if no migration were to take place to or from the area to which they relate, its population would

increase annually by about 1 per cent. This rate, compounded for a decade, would yield a decennial increase of a little more than 10 per cent, or about half the rate of increase in the population of the country as a whole between the last two censuses, 21 per cent.

White and Colored.

Of the total number of births reported 799,817, or 24.9 per 1,000, were of white infants, and 19,166, or 22.8 per 1,000, were of colored infants. The death rates for the two elements of the population were 14.5 and 24.4 per 1,000, respectively. The deaths reported for the colored races (comprising all nonwhites) thus exceeded the births reported; but it is probable that the registration of births is less nearly complete among the colored than among the white population, and that therefore the rate shown for the former class is too low, whereas in the case of the death rates there is probably not so great a margin of error.

Native and Foreign Mothers.

Some indication of the fecundity of the native and foreign elements of the population may be obtained from a comparison between the proportion which the number of white foreign-born mothers formed of the total number of white mothers to whom children were born in 1916, and the proportion which the white foreign-born married women, aged 15 to 44, formed of the total number of white married women of corresponding ages in 1910.

From the table following it appears that many more births occur to white foreign-born women, proportionately to their number, than to native women. In Connecticut approximately 46 per cent of white married women aged 15 to 44 in 1910 were of foreign birth, but about 62 per cent of the white mothers to whom children were born in 1916 were natives of foreign countries.

State.	1916. Per cent which for- eign-born mothers formed of total white mothers.	1910. Per cent which for- eign-born married females, 15 to 44, formed of total white married females, 15 to 44.
Connecticut Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota New Hampshire New York Pennsylvania Rhode Island Vermont	61. 63 27. 23 14. 82 56. 32 32. 80 26. 80 41. 69 52. 44 37. 45 57. 37	46. 36 21. 89 13. 11 48. 87 26. 45 33. 99 32. 69 42. 71 27. 77 49. 91 18. 11

Infant Mortality.

The infant-mortality rate—that is, the number of deaths of infants under 1 year of age per 1,000 born alive—throughout the registration area as a whole was 101 in 1916, as against 100 in 1915. This is equivalent to saying that of every 10 infants born alive 1 died before reaching the age of 1 year. Among the 11 States these rates ranged from 70 for Minnesota to 121 for Maryland, and for the white population separately the lowest and highest rates were 69 for Minnesota and 115 for New Hampshire. The high rate for the total population of Maryland was due to the presence of a larger colored element in that State than in any of the others, the rate for the whites alone being only 101.

The infant-mortality rates vary greatly for the two sexes and for the various nationalities.

With an infant-mortality rate of 101 for the registration area as a whole, the rate ranges for white children from 68 where mothers were born in Denmark, Norway, and Sweden, to 148 where mothers were born in Poland, while Negro children have a rate of 184. The range of rates among white males is from 74 for children of mothers born in Denmark, Norway, and Sweden, to 171 for those of mothers born in Poland, while Negro males have a rate of 202. The corresponding rates for females were 62, 124, and 166, respectively.

States and Cities.

The following table shows, for the birth-registration area, by States and by cities having more than 100,000 inhabitants in 1910, the number of births in 1916, the per cent of excess of births over deaths, and the infant-mortality rate. Figures for the white and colored elements of the population are shown separately for those areas in which colored persons constitute more than one-tenth of the total population.

Excess of births over deaths, and infant mortality: 1916.

Area.	Number of births.	Excess of births over deaths (per cent).	Deaths of infants under 1 year of age per 1,000 hy-ing births.
Registration area	818,983	68.7	101
Registration States.			
Connecticut	35,351	74.2	101
Maine	16,033	32.5	108
Maryland, total	3 3, 631	49.7	121
White	27,305	63.9	101
Colored	6,326	6.0	209
Massachusetts	93, 497	65. 1	100
Michigan	86,840	88. 1	96
Minnesota	55, 459	127. 1	70
New Hampshire	9,664	35. 4	115
	241, 456	58. 8	94
Pennsylvania	217,449	74.7	114
Vermont.	14, 634 7, 768	53. 5 37. 2	111
	1,100	37.2	93
Registration cities having more than 100,000 inhabitants in 1910.	1		
Connecticut:	ĺ	i	
Bridgenort	4,598	94.8	106
New Haven	5, 106	100.6	88
Mary!and:	•,		~
Baltimore, total	14,542	36.5	122
White	12, 278	54.1	104
Colored	2, 264	1 -16.6	219
Massachusetts:			
Boston	19,577	53.3	105
Cambridge	2,691	76.3	91
Fall River	3,689	68.8	173
Lowell	3, 287	67.6	146
Worcester	4,941	70.2	101
Michigan: Detr it	04 000	300.0	
DetraitGrand Rapids	24, 289	121.6	112
Minnes ta:	3, 131	100.0	75
Minneapolis	8,793	95, 2	82
St. Paul	5, 242	87.6	68
New York:	6,242	84.0	00
Albany	2,280	11.4	97
Buffalo	13,088	73. 3	114
New York	137, 923	77.0	93
Rochester	6,816	82.6	86
Syracuse	3,853	63. 2	100
Pennsylvania:			
Phi'adelphia	40,360	45.7	105
Pittsburgh	16, 406	62.6	115
Scranton	3,623	71.5	131
Rhode Island, Providence	5,981	48.7	110
District of Co umbia:		[
Washington, total	7,201	11.2	106
White	4,979	25.3	83
Colored	2, 222	1 -12.2	158

¹ Per cent by which births fell below deaths.

SURE CURES FOR INFLUENZA.

The present epidemic has given rise to the publication of numerous "sure cures" and methods more or less plausible to the lay mind. The advocates of some of these have addressed long communications to Secretary McAdoo, to Surg. Gen. Blue, to the War Department, or other Government agencies. Hundreds of them have written to editors of newspapers. In general the suggestions fall into several groups.

First comes the individual who has a specific remedy, the formula of which he is ready to give to the world for a price. One such writer reminds the Surgeon General of the million dollars that Congress has appropriated for combating influenza, and offers to sell his secret for "a reasonable sum."

Next comes the person with the pseudoscientific treatment, sometimes "isotonic sea water," sometimes "ozono therapy," and again "harmonic vibrations." One such writer, well known to the New York health authorities, addressed the Surgeon General from his present residence, the State Hospital for the Insane.

Still another type is the individual who gives freely of his advice so that humanity may be spared from the pestilence. Such a one writes: "Sprinkle a little sulphur in each shoe every morning; this was given to the people of Atlanta by a doctor of forty-odd years of practice. He also used it when waiting on yellow fever years ago." Another advises people to add "10 cents worth of asafetida to half a pint of brandy, and give a teaspoonful every two or three hours. I gave my baby one-fourth teaspoonful with good results."

One writer, who says he lives "at the jumping off place in western California," has perfected a patent medicine which will "knock out germs and remove the real cause of sickness. I got it by combining wonderful essencial oils that will penetrate the hardes wood that grows the compound while it is not a poison it will penetrate any and all kinds of germs or insects and dry or burn it up in a minute." This wonderful remedy [name deleted by censor] sells for \$1 per

bottle.

One writer frankly advises the use of a patent medicine formerly widely advertised as a cure for consumption, but now compelled by the Government to be labeled simply a remedy for coughs and colds.

A physician writing from Missouri offers "to furnish the remedy for the nominal price of \$4.50 for each patient, or will take a surgeon major's commission and pay," and give his services to the Army medical department. He has tested his remedy "on the most Desperate caises."

A patriot advises the use of a patent medicine made in Detroit. Used in a case recently, it was observed "that within 30 minutes after applying the medicine the patient was relieved of all pain in the lungs and immediately was well and about."

From Portsmouth, Va., comes a letter which calls attention to the real cause of the opidemic—namely, "Descreation of God's Sabbath which he said Keep Holy." Then follow a number of quotations from the Bible to support the writer's contention that the epidemic was sent by the Almighty to punish the world for its sinfulness. Comes also the mental scientist who regards the epidemic as engendered by fear. "This sort of infectious suggestion is a crime against the public, is treason to our Government, and the traitors responsible for it shall not be allowed to go unpunished."

Recalling the statement that the epidemic had probably originated in the Orient, one writer advises an examination of all pepper and tobacco throughout the country. She neglects to say what to look for in such examinations.

The food faddist is not missing from those who have sure cures. One advises the elimination of white bread, rice, coffee, and tea, and the use of spring water and molasses in place of sugar.

The prescription for alcohol and chloroform to be inhaled from cotton comes from several sources, with slight variations. This is true also of the receipt for hot lemonade without sugar.

The wearing of amulets is also advocated. One writer prefers asafetida tied in a piece of gauze and worn by a string around the neck. Another recommends camphor used in the same way; still another uses a secret compound which he desires to patent. For a receipt consisting of water, salt, and coal oil, and called "a sure cure for influenza," a woman, writing from Missouri, states that she will be thankful for the reward which she understands has been offered by Government.

The list might be continued, but the suggestions are largely variations and repetitions of what has already been cited.

The United States Public Health Service urges the public to remember that there is as yet no specific cure for influenza, and that many of the alleged "cures" and remedies now being recommended by neighbors, nostrum vendors, and others do more harm than good. The chief reliance must be on fresh air, nutritious food, plenty of water, cheerful surroundings, and good nursing. If any specific like a vaccine or serum is found to have value the Public Health Service will give the matter wide publicity.

PREVALENCE OF DISEASE.

No health department, State or local, can effectively prevent or control disease without knowledge of when, where, and under what conditions cases are occurring.

UNITED STATES.

EXTRA-CANTONMENT ZONES—CASES REPORTED WEEK ENDED NOV. 2.

CAMP BEAUREGARD ZONE, LA.	CAMP DODGE ZONE, IOWA-continued.
Cerebrospinal meningitis: Cases	. Pneumonia: Cases.
Rural district.	Grimes 1
Gonorrhea:	Shekdahl2
Alexandria	
Influenza:	Des Moines.
Alexandria	
Ball	
Pinoville	
Rural district. 2	CAMP DONIPHAN ZONE, OKLA.
Mumps:	
Alexandria	Comanche County:
Pnenmonia:	Influenza 7
Alexandria	
	Gonorrhea 2
CAMP BOWIE ZONE, TEX.	Influenza 5
Fort Worth:	Pneumonia 1
Chancroid	1
Chicken pox.	•
Diphtheria 1	Dintellania.
Gonorrhea25	1 70104
Influenza68	Manufacture.
Mumps 2	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
Pneumonia	Company
Scarlet fever 1	Thursday a
Syphilis 16	7
Tuberculosis 2	Lonoke 1 Influenza:
CHARLESTON SANITARY DISTRICT, S. C.	Allport. 39
Charleston:	Austin. 1
Gonorrhea	1
Influenza. 208	
Syphilis2	
Typhoid fever	
	Carlisle
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS.	England
Influenza:	Keo 1
Lancaster 6	Lonoke
Shirley 3	Lonoke, R. F. D
Townsend 4	Lonoke, route 1
Whooping cough:	Lonoke, route 4
Laneaster 6	Scott9
CAMP DODGE ZONE, IOWA.	Scott, route 1 20
Diphtheria:	Scott, route 2
Des Moines	Toltee 7
Influenza:	Ward 12
Dallas Center	Wattensaw, R. F. D
Des Moines. 112	Malaria:
Granger5	England
Grimes4	Mumps:
Polk City. 2	Cabot
•	

CAMP EBERTS ZONE, ARK.—continued.		CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA.—continued.	
Pneumonia: Cas	es.	Hapeville: C	ases.
Cabot	1	Tuberculosis	
England	17	Tucker:	
Lonoke, route 1	1	Influenza.	. 4
ToltecWard	2 1	CAMP GREENE ZONE, N. C.	
Tonsilitis:		Charlotte Township:	
Cabot	1	Chancroid	. 2
Tuberculosis:		Diphtheria	2
Carlisle	1	Gonorrhea	8
Typhold level.		Influenza.	
Keo	1	Scarlet fever	
Lonoke, route 4	1	Syphilis	
Scott	2	Tuberculosis	1
Scott, route 1	ī	Whooping cough	2
		GULFPORT HEALTH DISTRICT, MISS.	
GAS AND FLAME SCHOOL ZONE, GA.		Diphtheria	4
Bronchitis:		Hookworm	1
Columbus	1	Influenza	753
Diphtheria: Columbus	.	Malaria	16
Gonorrhea:	1	Mumps	1
Columbus	5	Pneumonia	61
Girard	ĭ	Syphilis	1
Influenza:	-	Tuberculosis	1
	12	CAMP HANCOCK ZONE, GA.	
Columbus		Augusta:	
Girard	52	Cerebrospinal meningitis	1
Muscogee County	78	Chieken pox	1
Malaria:		Influenza.	2
Muscogee County	1	Pneumonia.	15
Pellagra:	.	Scarlet fever.	1
Columbus	1	Whooping cough	ī
Muscogee County Pneumonia:	2	Richmond County:	
a asourinous.	32	Influenza	27
	5	CAMP HUMPHREYS ZONE, VA.	
	8	Alexandria:	
Scarlet fever:	١.	Influenza	72
Columbus	2	Pneumonia	3
Muscogee County	2		٠
Syphilis:		CAMP JACKSON ZONE, 8. C. Columbia:	
	4	Diphtheria	1
Tuberculosis:	_	Influenza	87
	2	Mumps	2
Muscogee County	2	Whooping cough	4
_	2	CAMP JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON ZONE, FLA.	
GERSTNER FIELD ZONE, LA.	_	Chancroid:	
Influenza. 36	.	Jacksonville	1
Pneumonia. 1	- 1	Diphtheria:	
1 House Marie 1	۱ ٔ	Jackson ville	1
CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA.	-	Gonorrhea:	_
Atlanta:	.	Jacksonville	6
	1 2	Influenza: Eastvort	4
Gonorrhea		Grand Crossing.	9
Influenza. 368			29
Malaria.			11
	i		23
Scarlatina	3	Orange Park	36
Smallpox	ı	••••	50
8yphilis			37
Tuberculosis	- 1	24,	26
Typhoid fever	ii	Woodstock	8

CAMP JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON ZONE, FLA.—con	td.	CAMP MACARTHUR ZONE, TEX.	
Pneumonia:	'annos	Waco: Case	s.
Jacksonville	. 1	Gonorrhea.	3
Syphilis:	•	Influenza	
Jacksonville	. 1		1
		Coorlet former	33
FORT LEAVENWORTH ZONE, KANS.		The bases 1 - 4 -	1
Diphtheria:		Tubercurosis	1
Leavenworth	. 2	CAMP M'CLELLAN ZONE, ALA.	
Diphtheria carriers:		i i	
Leavenworth County	. 5	Gonorrhea:	
Influenza:	, ,		6
Leavenworth	. 49	Influenza:	
Leavenworth County		Anniston.	_
Orphanage.		Blue Mountain	-
Pneumonia, bronchial:		Jacksonville 2 Oxford	
Leavenworth	. 2	The Daniel of D	1
Leavenworth County	. 1	Precinct 15	8
Pneumonia, lobar:		Mumps:	O
Leavenworth County	. 1	Anniston	1
Scarlet fever:	•	Pneumonia:	
Leavenworth.	1	Anniston 1	1
Smallpox: Leavenworth	_	Blue Mountain	
Tuberculosis:	1	Precinct 3	L
Leavenworth.		Precinct 15	ï
Detail (11 vol (11 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	Tuberculosis:	
CAMP LEE ZONE, VA.		Anniston 1	Ĺ
Petersburg:		VIII	
Gonorrhea	4	NEW LONDON SANITARY DISTRICT, CONN.	
Influenza		Diphtheria:	
Syphilis	35 4	Norwich4	
~, p	7	Influenza:	
CAMP LEWIS ZONE, WASH.	-	Groton (borough)	
Chicken pox:	- 1	Groten (town)	
Parkland	4	Mystic	
Erysipelas:			
Parkland	1	Norwich	
Influenza:	1	Pawcatuck 2	
Collins Addition	20	Stonington	
Custer	1	Pneumonia:	
Du PontIngleside	23	New London 3	
Lake City.	2	Norwich 4	
Lake View	3	Old Lyme 1	
Murray	il	Scarlet fever:	
Parkland	16	Groton (borough) 2 Groton (town) 1	
Spanaway	3	Mystic	
CLAND LOGAN BOARD	- 1	Norwich 1	
CAMP LOGAN ZONE, TEX.	- 1	Smallpox:	
Cerebrospinal meningitis.	1	Preston	
Chancroid	2	Tuberculosis:	
Diphtheria	2	Preston	
Gonorrhea	7	FORT OGLETHORPE ZONE, GA. AND TENM.	
Influenza		•	
PncumoniaSyphilis		Diphtheria:	
U. S. Government clinic:	2	Chattanooga	
Chancroid	2	Gonorrhea: Chattanooga	
Gonorrhea	3	Chickamauga Park, Ga	
	10	East Chattanooga 1	

FORT OGLETHORPE ZONE, GA. AND TENN.—coi	ntd.	CAMP PIKE ZONE, ARKcontinued.	
Influenza: Ca	ases.	Tonsilitis: Cases.	
Altonpark	. 1	Little Rock	
Chattanooga		Typhoid fever:	
Chickamauga Park, Ga	. 1	Little Rock 2	
Eastlake	. 1	Vincent's angina:	
North Chattanooga	. 8	Little Rock	
Ridgedale			
Rossville, Ga	. 3	PORTSMOUTH AND NORFOLK COUNTY REALTH DIS-	
St. Elmo	. 2	TRICT, VA.	
Pneumonia:		Complex on the Law 1 and 1	
Chattanooga	. 1	Cerebrospinal meningitis:	
Scarlet fever:		South Norfolk	
North Chattanooga			
St. Elmo	. 1	Concrete:	
Syphilis:	_		
St. Elmo	1	Nortolk	
PICEIC ACID PLANT ZONE, GA.		Norfolk40	
		Norfolk County 30	
Brunswick:		Portsmouth. 75	
Influenza	42	Syphilis:	
Pneumonia		Norfolk 8	
Tuberculosis	2	Norfolk County	
CLUB BUTE TONE ABOVE			
CAMP PIKE ZONE, ARK. Bubo:		PORTSMOUTH-KITTERY SANITARY DISTRICT, N. H.	
Little Rock	1	AND ME.	
Cerebrospinal meningitis:	- 1	Gonorrhea:	
North Little Rock	1	Portsmouth	
Chancroid:	- 1	York1	
North Little Rock	1	Influenza:	
Chicken pox:	- 1	Kittery 3	
Little Rock	1	Portsmouth	
Gonorrhea:	-		
Little Rock	7	CAMP SEVIER ZONE, S. C.	
North Little Rock	1	Cerebrospinal meningitis:	
Influenza:	- 1	Butler Township. 1	
Cabot	4	Diphtheria:	
Cato	23	Greenville. 2	
Hensley	19	Influenza:	
Jacksonville	3	Greenville and vicinity	
Keo	1	Pneumonia:	
LevyLittle Rock	2	Greenville and vicinity 9	
North Little Rock		Scarlet fever:	
	43	Greenville	
Scott	17 17	Whooping cough:	
Malaria:	*	Greenville 2	
Little Rock	2		
North Little Rock.	ĩ	CAMP SHELBY ZONF, MISS.	
Measles:	- 1	Chancroid:	
Little Rock	3	Hattiesburg	
North Little Bock	1	Gonorrhea:	
Mumps:		Hattiesburg	
Little Rock	1	Near Hattiesburg 1	
North Little Rock	3	Influenza:	
Pneumonia:	- 1	Forrest County 6	
	29	Hattiesburg 92	
	10	Lamar County 1	
Seott	5	Near Hattiesburg 8	
Scarlet fever:		Measles:	
Little Rock	2	Hattiesburg 4	
North Little Rock	1	Mumps:	
Syphilis:	_	Hattiesburg 2	
Little Rock	- 1	Scarlet fever:	
North Little Rock	1	Hattiesburg 1	

CAMP SHELBY ZONE, MISS continued.	TIDEWATER HEALTH DISTRICT, VA.
Syphilis: Cases.	Newport News: Cases
	Goi orrhea
Typhoid fever:	Influenca.
• •	Pneumonia
	Small pox
CAMP SHERIDAN ZONE, ALA.	Syphilis
VIII. 311-111-1111 1011-1, 1211-1	Tuberculosis
Montgomery:	Tuberculosis, pulmonary
Influenza 82	CAMP TRAVIS ZONE, TEX.
Scarlet fever	San Antonio:
Tuberculosis, pulmonary 1	
Montgomery County:	Diphtheria
Influenza	Gonorrhea. 2
U. S. Government clinic:	Influenza
Chancroid 2	Pneumonia. 2
Gonorrhea 12	Brariet fever
Syphilis 2	Syphilis
	Tuberculosis
CAMP SHERMAN ZONE, OHIO.	
Comembers	CAMP UPTON ZONE, N. Y.
Gonorrhea:	Chicken pox:
U. S. Government clinic	Brook Haven
Influenza:	Diphtheria:
Chillicothe	Brook Haven
Ross County	Riverhead
	Gonorrhea:
Chillicothe 1	Riverhead 1
	Pneumonia, broncho:
CAMP ZACHARY TAYLOR ZONE, KY. AND IND.	Patchogue
Chancroid:	Riverhead 1
	Pneumonia, lobar:
U. S. Government clinic	Brook Haven 3
T - 119.	CAMP WADSWORTH ZONE, 8. C.
Diphtheria:	Gonorrhea:
Jefferson County 1	Spartanburg 11
Toniquille	Influenza:
New Albany 1	Arcadia 13
Gonorrhea:	Beaument Mills
U S. Government clinic	Drayton 7
Venereal clinic, county jail 4	Fairforest 1
Influenza:	Saxon
Clark County 132	Spartanburg
Jefferson County 284	Spartanburg County 7
Jeffersonville 147	Measles:
Louisville 448	Spartanburg 1
New Albany	Parotitis:
Measles:	Spartanburg 1
Louisville4	CAMP WHEELER ZONE, GA.
Mumps:	Chicken pox:
Louisville 1	Macon 1
Pneumonia:	Diphtheria:
Louisville 11	Macon 2
Scarlet fever:	Influenza:
Leuisville 3	Bibb County
Smallpox:	East Macon
Louisville	Macon
Syphilis:	Paynes Mill
U. S. Government clinic.	Pneumonia:
Venereal clinic, county jail	Macon 2
Fuberculosis, pulmonary:	Syphilis:
Jefferson County	Macon 1
Louisville	Tuberculosis:
Typheid fever:	Macon 2
Clark County 1	Whooping cough:
Louisville 1	Macon

DISEASE CONDITIONS AMONG TROOPS IN THE UNITED STATES.1

The following data are taken from telegraphic reports received in the office of the Surgeon General of the United States Army for the week ended October 25, 1918:

Annual admission rate per 1,000 (disease only):	Annual death rate per 1,000 (disease only):	
All troops	32.1 All troops	92.71
Divisional camps	57.3 Divisional camps	139.62
Cantonments	19.2 Cantonments	63.70
Departmental and other troops 1,98	85.9 Departmental and other troops	104.14
Noneffective rate per 1,000 on day of report:		
All troops 77	7.30	
Divisional camps 8	9.39	
Cantonments 76	3. 23	
Departmental and other troops 72	2.09	

Cases of special diseases reported during the week ended Oct. 25, 1918.

	- i	Ä			nereal			, vi	ver.		l admis- rate par (disease	ive per
Camp.	Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Malaria.	Total.	New in- fections.	Induenza	Measles.	Meningitis.	Searlet fever.	Deaths.	Annual sion ra 1,000 (only).	Noneffective p 1,000 on day report.
Beauregard. Bowle Cody. Forrest. Forrest. Fremont Greene. Greene. Greenleaf. Hancock Kearny Logan MacArthur McClellan Sevier. Shelby Sheridan Syracuse Wadsworth Wheeler Custer. Devens. Dix. Dodge Eustis. Funston Gordon Grant. Humphreys. Jackson Js. E. Johnston Las Casas Lee, Lewis. Meade. Pike Sherman Taylor Travis. Upton Northeastern Department Southeastern Department Southeastern Department Southeastern Department Southeastern Department Southeastern Department Northeastern Department Southeastern Department Southeastern Department Northeastern Department Southeastern Department Southeastern Department	206 55 47 7 16 159 322 238 311 219 302 261 3 200 109 6 43 333 343 41 102 241 145 516 516 516 516 516 516 516 516 516 51	1	3 3 4 1 17 2 2 3 3 1 11 11 11 12 2 2 2 2 2 2	364 324 5 5 24 24 28 3 3 3 81 10 8 8 8 29 3 6 6 29 9 103 121 24 202 202 31 1 6 6 60 60 81 22 42 202 202 31 1 6 6 60 60 1 81 128 202 202 202 202 202 202 202 202 202 2	3 3 4 4 6 4 2 2 7 7 9 1 1 3 3 6 6 5 2 2 2 4 1 1 1 9 1 1	362 197 317 1153 456 339 899 142 248 592 411 196 6 88 88 7 7 149 152 173 356 80 244 1109 174 286 980 88 297 497 497 497 497 497 497 497 497 497 4	211 14 4 18 16 20 0 1 11 22 1 1 24 22 2 2 1 1 23 8 8 240 221 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	30 177 16 30 707 85 154 111 47 85 30 8 72 16 19 19 19 19 19 19 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	1,593.9 1,034.9 1,423.1 3,604.5 4,989.4 2,493.7 2,953.4	145. 32 90. 36 125. 42 125. 42 125. 23 67. 37 70. 82 67. 25 67. 20 128. 38 66. 22 128. 38 66. 129. 30 87. 25 128. 38 66. 22 142. 65 145. 67 189. 60 145. 67 189. 68 189. 68 18
Ports of embarkation: Hoboken Newport News	80 121		4	82 45 152	8 7	1,715 632 78	9 9	2 3		131 155 47		174.97 158.37

Causes of special diseases reported during the week ended Oct. 25, 1918-Continued.

	يغ			Venereal diseases.				96	ver.		admis- rate per (disease-	ive per
Camp.	Pneumonia	Dysentery	Malaria.	Total.	New in- fections.	Influenza	Measles.	Meningitis.	Scarlet fever.	Deaths.	Annual sion ra 1,000 (c only).	Noneffective per 1,000 on day of report.
Alcatraz Disciplinary Barracks Leavenworth Discip- linary Barracks Jefferson Barracks Columbus Barracks Fort Logan Fort Mc Dowell Fort Sill Fort Silocum Fort Thomas West Point Arsenals Lascellaneous small stations General hospitals.	2 40 31 14 19 29 35 12 8 2 30		1	2 3 2 11 15 2 1	1 1 1 2 15	14 27 86 9 12 9 158 15 64 30 115	3		i	25 31 16 18 15 23 26 14 1 29 2		54. 44 71. 61 89. 02 49. 81 139. 44 129. 00 47. 37 46. 50 53. 37 33. 63 48. 99 15. 06
Total	5,961	10	55	2,454	214	19,966	713	112	44	2,757	1,732.1	77.30

Annual rate per 1,000 for special diseases.

Disease.	All troops in United States.1	Depart- mental and other troops.1	Divisional camps.1	Canton- ments,1	Expedi- tionary forces.2
Pneumonia. Dysentery. Malaria. Venereal Paratyphoid Typhoid Measles. Meningitis. Scarlet fever. Influenza	.33 1.86 83.13 .00 .23 24.15 3.79 1.49	169. 43 .86 .76 71. 95 .00 .29 2. 88 1. 44 2. 78 1,007. 86	334. 53 0. 00 4. 89 122. 65 .00 .52 22. 22 3. 67 .34 869. 23	170. 69 0. 07 1. 42 74. 99 .00 .07 41. 57 5. 68 .96 335. 92	106.77 3.13 .29 19.59 .03 .26 6.88 5.90 7.17

Annual death rate (disease only), all troops in the United States and American expeditionary forces in France, for the week ending Oct. 18, 1918, 112.68.

CURRENT STATE SUMMARIES.

Telegraphic Reports for Week Ended November 2, 1918.

Connecticut.—Poliomyelitis: New Haven, 1. Cerebrospinal meningitis: New Britain 2, Griswold 1. Smallpox: Norwich 2. Cancel case of rabies reported for week ended October 26, 1918.

Iowa.—Cerebrospinal meningitis: Burlington 1, Durant 1. Chancroid: Sioux City 4. Diphtheria: Burlington 1, Council Bluffs 2, Davenport 1, Des Moines 6, Dubuque 5, Durant 1, Fort Dodge 2. Gonorrhea: Albia 1, Alta 1, Belmond 2, Bonaparte 1, Boone 1, Burlington 1, Cedar Rapids 3, Council Bluffs 5, Davenport 3, Des Moines 24, Emmetsburg 1, Forest City 1, Iowa Falls 2, Mapleton 1, Melbourne 1, Muscatine 1, Oskaloosa 2, Persia 1, Sioux City 16, Tiffin 1. Measles: Dubuque 1, Truro 1. Scarlet fever: Baxter 1,

¹ Week ended Oct. 25, 1918.

^{*} Week ended Oct. 17, 1918.

Davenport 1, Des Moines 7, Eagle Grove 4, Forest City 1, Mason City 1. Smallpox: Burlington 2, Des Moines 7, Dubuque 1, Fort Dodge 1, Laurel 1, Mason City 3, Ottumwa 2, Tipton 1. Syphilis: Albia 1, Council Bluffs 1, Des Moines 10, Iowa City 1, Iowa Falls 1, Sioux City 1. In rural districts of following counties. Chancroid: Johnson 1. Chicken pox: Grundy 8. Gonorrhea: Wright 1. Scarlet fever: Franklin 1, Marshall 1, Polk 1, Webster 1. Smallpox: Hamilton 1, Jasper 3, Marshall 3. Syphilis: Johnson 1. For entire State: Influenza 5,025 cases.

Kansas.—New influenza cases reported by cities of over 10,000 population: Atchison 22, Coffeyville 89, Fort Scott 6, Hutchinson 200, Independence 160, Kansas City 940, Lawrence 39, Leavenworth 109, Parsons 43, Pittsburg 67, Salina 40, Topeka 165, Wichita 314. By cities of from 3,000 to 10,000 population: Augusta 37, Chanute 92, Concordia 54, Dodge City 40, Eldorado 81, Emporia 43, Galena 25, Great Bend 23, Iola 63, Junction City 75, Manhattan 39, Newton 15, Ottawa 26, Wellington 124. State totals for week: Influenza 8,205, typhoid fever 25, smallpox 22, diphtheria 26, scarlet fever 17, pneumonia 185.

Reported by mail for preceding week (ended October 26):

Cancer	. 19 13 1	Scarlet fever. Septic sore throat. Smallpox Syphilis.	20 1 21 3
Gonorrhea		Trachoma.	3 1
		Tuberculosis	35
Measles		Typhoid fever	27
Mumps		Whooping cough	17
Pneumonia	131		

Maine.—Cerebrospinal meningitis: Bridgeton 1. Chicken pox: Kennebunkport 1. Diphtheria: Stetson 1, Presque Isle 3, Portland 2, Biddeford 1. Gonorrhea: York 1, Saco 2, Freeport 1. Measles: Canaan 3, Auburn 1, Portland 1. Whooping cough: Portland 2.

Massachusetts.—Unusual prevalence. Diphtheria: Malden 9. Lobar pneumonia: Springfield 64. Scarlet fever: Hardwick 5. Typhoid fever: Charlton 3, Gloucester 4. Leprosy: Boston 1.

Minnesota.—Smallpox (new foci): Douglas County, Miltona Township, 1; Renville County, Boon Lake Township, 4; Wright County, Cokato Township, 1. Two poliomyelitis cases reported since October 28.

Montana.—Cases influenza reported 3,926. This probably does not represent one-half of actual cases.

New Jersey.—Unusual prevalence diphtheria at Salem.

New York.—State outside of New York City. Influenza: 15,283, scattered, incomplete, subsiding. Diphtheria: 109, of which in

Lackawanna 18. Scarlet fever 45. Smallpox 1. Typhoid fever: 25, of which in Herkimer 10. Pneumonia: 1,668, scattered.

North Carolina.—Whooping cough 71, measles 7, diphtheria 50, scarlet fever 17, septic sore throat 1, smallpox 9, chicken pox 9, typhoid fever 24, meningitis 3, ophthalmia neonatorum 1.

Ohio.—Smallpox: Elyria 6 cases, Antwerp 35 cases. Venereal diseases 137 cases.

CEREBROSPINAL MENINGITIS.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Cases.	Cases.
Camp Beauregard zone, La 1	Portsmouth and Norfolk County health dis-
	trict, Va 1
Camp Logan zone, Tex 1	Camp Sevier zone, S. C
Camp Pike zone, Ark 1	

State reports for September, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases re- ported.
Connecticut: Hartford County— East Hartford. New Britain. New Haven County— Naugatuck. Orange. Waterbury. Total. Indiana: Dearborn County Delaware County Polaware County Noble County. Vigo County. Total. Maine: Kennebec County— Winslow (town) York County— Biddeford (city).	1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 7	Maryland: Anne Arundel County Baltimore. Total Virginia: Alleghany County— Clifton Forge. Covington. Halifax County James City County King William County— West Point Lee County. Montgomery County Smyth County. Fredericksburg County. Washington County. Total.	5 7 1 1 1 2 1 5 1 1 1 1

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Baltimore, Md Boston, Mass Canton, Ohio Chelsea, Mass Chicago, III Dallas, Tex Detroit, Mich Fall River, Mass Greenfield, Mass Jersey City, N. J. Kalamazoo, Mich Kansas City, Kans	3 2 2 1 1 1 2 1	1 1	Louisville, Ky	1 3 2 1 2 1 4	1 1 7 7 2 2

CHANCROID.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Cases.	
Camp Bowic zone, Tex	Camp Shelby zone, Miss
Camp Greene zone, N. C	Camp Sheridan zone, Ala
Camp Joseph E. Johnston zone, Fla 1	Camp Zachary Taylor zone, Ky. and Ind 1
	Camp Travis zone, Tex
Camp Pike zone, Ark 1	

DIPHTHERIA.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Case	es.	Ca	ses.
Camp Bowie zone, Tex	1	Camp Logan zone, Tex	2
Camp Dodge zone, Iowa	6	New London sanitary district, Conn	4
Camp Eberts zone, Ark	2	Fort Oglethorpe zone, Ga. and Tenn	2
Gas and Flame School zone, Ga	1	Portsmouth and Norfolk County health dis-	
Camp Gordon zone, Ga	2	trict, Va	1
Camp Greene zone, N. C	2	Camp Sevier zone, S. C.	2
Gulfport health district, Miss	4	Camp Zachary Taylor zone, Ky. and Ind	10
Camp Hancock zone, Ga	2	Camp Travis zone, Tex	1
Camp Jackson zone, S. C	1	Camp Upton zone, N. Y	3
Camp Joseph E. Johnston zone, Fla	1	Camp Wheeler zone, Ga	
Fort Leavenworth zone, Kans	2		

See also Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1953.

ERYSIPELAS.

City Reports for Week Ended Oct. 19, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Chicago, Ill. Cleveland, Ohio. Detroit, Mich. Independence, Mo. Jackson, Mich. Los Angeles, Cal.	6 5 1 1		Louisville, Kv. Milwaukee, Wis. New York, N. Y. Philadelphia, Pa Pontiae, Mich St. Louis, Mo.	1	i 1

GONORRHEA.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Ca	iscs.	Cas	ses.
Camp Beauregard zone, La	3	Camp Pike zone, Ark	8
Camp Bowie sone, Tex	25	Portsmouth and Norfolk County health dis-	
Charleston sanitary district, S. C	2	trict, Va	11
Camp Doniphan zone, Okla	2	Portsmouth-Kittery sanitary district, N. H.	
Camp Eberts sone, Ark	2	and Me	4
Gas and Flame School zone, Ga	6	Camp Shelby zone, Miss	4
Camp Gordon zone, Ga	20	Camp Sheridan zone, Ala	12
Camp Greene zone, N. C.	8	Camp Sherman zone, Ohio	8
Camp Joseph E. Johnston zone, Fla	6	Camp Zachary Taylor zone, Ky. and Ind	23
Camp Lee zone, Va	4	Tidewater health district, Va	24
Camp Logan sone, Tex	10	Camp Travis zone, Tex	21
Camp MacArthur zone, Tex	3	Camp Upton zone, N. Y	1
Camp McClellan zone, Ala	6	Camp Wadsworth zone, S. C.	11
Fort Oglethorpe zone, Ga. and Tenn	20		

INFLUENZA.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

	Cases.	1	Cases.
Camp Beauregard zone, La	253	Camp MacArthur zone, Tex	233
Camp Bowie zone, Tex	. 68	Camp McClelian zone, Ala	232
Charleston sanitary district, S. C	208	New London sanitary district, Conn	. 114
Camp Devens zone, Mass	. 13	Fort Oglethorpe zone, Ga. and Tenn	73
Camp Dodge zone, Iowa	126	Picric acid plant zone, Ga	42
Camp Doniphan sone, Okla	. 12	Camp Pike zone, Ark	324
Camp Eberts zone, Ark	219	Portsmouth and Norfolk County health dis-	
Gas and Flame School zone, Ga	531	trict, Va	
Gerstner Field zone, La	360	Portsmouth-Kittery sanitary district, N. H.	10
Camp Gordon zone, Ga	372	and Me.	18
Camp Greene zone, N. C	61	Camp Sevier zone, S. C.	166
Gulfport health district, Miss	753	Camp Shelby zone, Miss.	107
Camp Hancock zone, Ga	281	Camp Sheridan zone, Ala	55
Camp Humphreys zone, Va	72	Camp Sherman zone, Ohio	69
Camp Jackson zone, S. C	87	Camp Zachary Taylor zone, Ky. and Ind	1, 146
Camp Joseph E. Johnston zone, Fla	233	Tidewater health district, Va	804
Fort Leavenworth zone, Kans	143	Camp Travis zone, Tex	844
Camp Lee zone, Va	805	Camp Wadsworth zone, S. C	234
Camp Lewis zone, Wash	72	Camp Wheeler zone, Ga	522
Camp Logan zone, Tex	341		

MALARIA.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Case	s.	Cas	ses.
Camp Eberts zone, Ark	10	Gulfport health district, Miss	16
Gas and Flame School zone, Ga	1	Camp Pike zone, Ark	3
Camp Gordon zone, Ga	1		•

State Reports for September, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Maryland: Allegany County— Cumberland Anne Arundel County South River Baltimore County— Govanstown Turners Station Colgate. Sollers Station Sparrows Point Catonsville. Caroline County— Ridgely Preston Cecil County— Charlestown. Charles County— Rock Point Waldorf, R. D. Bryantown, R. D. Dorchester County— Taylors Island Griffins Neck Madison. Frederick County— Brunswick. Prince George County— Queen Anne. Somerset County: Mount Vernon Dames Quarter Wicomico County: Mount Herman Total	1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Virginia: Accomac County. Chincoteague. Alexandria County Clarenden. Alleghany County— Iron Gate Amherst County Bedford County Botetourt County Botetourt County Caroline County Charles City County Charles City County Charlotte County Charles County Charlotte County Charles County Charles County Charles County Charles County Charles County Charles County Essex County Goochland County Goochland County Greenes County Greene County Hanover County Hanover County Hanrico County Henry County Isle of Wight County James City County King and Queen County King and Queen County King William County King William County King William County	32 32 22 3 3 1 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

MALARIA-Continued.

State Reports for September, 1918—Continued.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New case: reported.
Virginia—Continued. Lancaster County Loe County Louisa County Lunenburg County. Wictoria. Mathews County Mecklenburg County Nansemond County Suffolk Northampton County Cape Charles Northumberland County. Nottoway County Blackstone Burkeville Page County Pittsylvania County Princess Anne County Princess Anne County	2 4 1 7 5 5 3 17 5 5 2 2 2 1 5	Virginia—Continued. Prince Edward County. Prince George County. Prince William County Southampton County Franklin Spotsylvania County. Fredericksburg. Stafford County. Surry County. Sussex County. Waverly. Tazewell County— Pocahontas. Washington County. Westmoreland County. Wythe County. York County.	8 17 30 10 4 1 1 10 1 1

City Reports for Week Ended Oct. 19, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Jon'in,, Mo Little Roc', ^rk Memphis, Tenn	22 5 1	i	New Orleans, La Eavannah, Ga	1	2

MEASLES.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Case	es.	Cas	505.
Camp MacArthur zone, Tex	1	Camp Sherman zone, Ohio	1
Camp Fike zone, Ark	4	Camp Zachary Taylor zone, Ky. and Ind	4
Camp Shelby zone, Miss	4	Camp Wadsworth zone, S. C	1

See also Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1953.

PELLAGRA.

State Reports for September, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Maine: Cumberland County— Portland. Oxford County— Paris Town Total. Maryland: Baltimore. Allerany County— Westernport. Talbot County— St. Michaels. Total.	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 3	Virginia: Augusta County Charles City County Halifax County Footh Boston Mathews County Montgomery County Powhatan County Roanoke County Roanoke County Roanoke Roekl ridge County Spotsylvania. Fredericksburg Wise County Wise Total.	1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1

PELLAGRA-Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended Oct. 19, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	` Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Birmingham, Ala. Houston, Tex Independence, Mo. Lynchburg, Va.	l	1 1 1 1	Montgomery, Ala		1 1 1 2

PNEUMONIA.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Cas	es.	Cas	se :
Camp Beauregard zone, La	2	Camp Logan zone, Tex	72
Camp Bowie zone, Tex	119	Camp MacArthur sone, Tex	33
Camp Dodge sone, Iowa	3	Camp McClellan zone, Ala	23
Camp Doniphan zone, Okia	1	New London sanitary district, Conn.	8
Camp Eberts zone, Ark	22	Fort Oglethorpe sone, Ga. and Tenn	1
Gas and Flame School zone, Ga	45	Picrie acid plant zone, Ga	1
Gerstner Field zone, La	19	Camp Pike zone, Ark	41
Camp Gordon zone, Ga	1	Camp Sevier zone, S. C.	
Gulfport health district, Miss	61	Camp Zachary Taylor zone, Ky. and Ind	11
Camp Hancock zone, Ga	15	Tidewater health district, Va	7
Camp Humphreys zone, Va	3	Camp Travis zone, Tex	
Camp Joseph E. Johnston zone, Fla	1	Camp Upton zone, N. Y.	
Fort Leavenworth zone, Kans	4	Camp Wheeler zone, Ga	
Camp Lee zone, Va	35	-	_

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Ann Arbor, Mich	50	45	Greenwich, Conn	37	21
Asbury Park, N. J	43	8	Hackensack, N. J	18	30
Astoria, Oreg	21	3	Harrison, N. J.	13	
Atlantic City, N. J	8	8	Hartford, Conn		10
Attleboro, Mass	4	3	Hattiesburg, Miss	3	
Baltimore, Md	393	684	Holyoke, Mass	7	13
Belleville, N. J	6	9	Hornell, N. Y.	30	
Bellingham, Wash	1		Jackson, Mich	66	51
Berkeley, Cal	3	3	Joplin, Mo	10	4
Beverly, Mass	2	2	Kalamazoo, Mich. Lackawanna, N. Y.	24	5
Dingnamion, N. 1	124	33	Lackawanna, N. 1	.5	7 7 5
Bluefield, W. Va	2 1 6 5	126	Lawrence, Mass	11	7
Boston, Mass			Lexington, KyLincoln, Nebr.	5	5
Bridgeport, ConnBristol, Conn		7.4	Little Rock, Ark	10	3
Brookline, Mass	2 2	i	Long Beach, Cal.	104 36	13
Cambridge, Mass	16	6	Lorain, Ohio	30	20
Centralia, Ill	20	۰	Los Angeles, Cal.	57	••••••
Charleston, W. Va	28		Louisville, Ky.	16	39
Chelsea, Mass	23	3	Lowell, Mass	13	22 27
Chicago, III.	3.276	863	Lynn, Mass.	10	
Chicopee, Mass	3,213	16	Manchester, Conn	20	3
Cleveland, Ohio	179	64	Manitowoc, Wis	18	4
Coffevville, Kans	i	V.	Melrose, Mass.	2	2
Corpus Christi, Tex	2		Michigan City Ind	3	3
Cortland, N. Y	2		Montelair, N. J. Morgantown, W. Va.	ž	
Cranston, R. I	13	13	Moreantown, W. Va	23	8
Dailas, Tex	1	4	Morristown, N. J	45	49
Detroit, Mich	145	120	Nashville, Tenn	6	22
Duluth, Minn	5	4	Natick, Mass	i	ī
East Orange, N. J.	38	17	Newark, N. J.	449	113
Elizabeth, N. J	14	69	New Bedford, Mass	14	9
Elmira, N. Y	43	4	New Britain, Conn	3	30
Everett, Mass	1	11	New Castle, Ind	6 [3
Fall River, Mass	52	13	Newton, Mass	2	
Fort Worth, Tex	20	79	New York, N. Y	3,508	2,009
Frederick, Md.	3		North Adams, Mass	2	3
Galveston, Tex	21	20	Northampton, Mass	5	2
Grand Rapids, Mich	10	2	North Tonawanda, N. Y	23]	. 8

PNEUMONIA—Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended O.t. 19, 1918—Continued.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Norwood, Ohio. Oakland, Cal. Oak Park, III. Pasadena, Cal. Passaic, N. J. Philadelphia, Pa. Piqua, Ohio. Pontiac, Mich. Port Chester, N. Y. Quincy, Mass. Richmond, Va. Rochester, N. Y. Rock island, III. Rome, N. Y.	8 2 1 4 50 491 18 3 58 1 2 86 10 22 2	9 13 9 2 34 1,198 8 1	Sault Fte. Marie, Mich. Fehenectady, N. Y. Stoux Falls, F. Dak. Somerville, Mass. Springfield, Mass. Springfield, Ohio. Stockton, Cal. Tacoma, Wash. Toledo, Ohio. Topeka, Kans. Troy, N. Y. Vallejo, Cal. Waco, Tex. West eld, Mass. West New York, N. J.	5 23 3 6 84 4 17 7 3 4 15 2 22 7	24 13 3 4 35 1
Saginaw, Mich	2 2	2 1 11	Wichita, Kans. Winthrop, Mass. Worcester, Mass. Yonkers, N. Y.	5 3 102 15	59 26

POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS). State Reports for September, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Connecticut:		Maryland:	
Hartford County-	l	Baltimore	. 8
East Hartford		Allegany County— Cumberland	1 _
Hartford	12		2
New Britain	2	Baltimore County—	
Litchfield County— Plymouth	1	Highlandtown Mount Carmel	1
New Haven County—	-	Cockeysville	i î
Bethany	1	Owings Mills, R. D	
Branf rd	ī	Onnalina Commen	1
New Haven	i i	Preston, R. D	1
New London County-	_	Harford County	1
Bozrah	1	Frederick County—	l .
Tolland County-		Frederick	3
Stafford	1	New Market, R. D New Market	1
m-4-3		New Market	1
Total	21	Queen Annes County— Queenstown, R. D	1
Indiana:		Mardella, R. D	1 1
Allen County	2	Mardena, 10. D.	
Dearborn County	2 2	Total	23
Decatur County	ī		
Grant County	1	Virginia:	İ
Lake County	1	Alexandria County	1
Lawrence County		Alleghany County—	
Miami County	1	Clifton Forge	1 3
Orange County	1	Culpeper County	
Putnam County	1	Giles County	
Spencer County	2	Goochland County	
Switzerland County		Lee County	
Vanderburg County Warrick County	11	Tazewell County	
Wayne County	il	York County	2
		•	
Total	17	Total	12

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Birmingham, Ala Boston, Mass Chicago, Ill Columbus, Ohio Detroit, Mich	2 2 1	·····i	Duluth, Minn El Paso, Tex Los Angeles, Cal. New York, N. Y Pittsburgh, Pa	1 2 1	

SCARLET FEVER.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Cas	es.	Cases.
Gas and Flame School zone, Ga	8 4 1 -1 1	Fort Oglethorpe zone, Ga. and Tenn

See also Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1953.

SMALLPOX.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Cases.	.	Case	s.
Camp Dodge zone, Iowa	1	Camp Zachary Taylor zone, Ky. and Ind	1

State Reports for September, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
ndiana: Allen County. Cass County. Dearborn County. Delaware County. Jefferson County. Lake County. Marion County. Marion County. Miami County. Owen County. Switzerland County. Vanderburg County. Vanderburg County. Total. faine: Aroostook County. Van Buren (town). Fort Fairfield (town).	1 1 2 1 1 3 1 1 6 4 2 2 2 2 3		Virginia: Amherst County Augusta County Frederick County— Winchester Giles County— Pearisburg Montgomery County— Radford Norfolk County— Norfolk Pittsylvania County Prince George County Rappahannock County— Roanoke Surry County Wise County— Wise Total	1 1 3 3 1 3 8 8 15 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 9	

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Atlanta, Ga. Bellingham, Wash. Birmingham, Ala. Buffalo, N. Y Butte, Mont Chicago, Ill. Cleveland, Ohio Council Bluffs, Iowa. Dallas, Tex. Dubuque, Iowa Elgin, Ill. Elyria, Ohio. Fargo, N. Dak. Fort Do'lge, Iowa. Fort Worth, Tex. Green Bay, Wis. Houston, Tex. Jacksonville, Ill. La Crosse, Wis.	3 12 11 11 2 1 2 1 7 1 1 1 1 2 1		Minneavolis, Minn. Nashville, Tenn. Ogden, Utah. Oklahoma City, Okla. Omaha, Nebr. Oshkosh, Wis. Peoria, Ill. Portland, Oreg.	215191131753133112	
La Fayette, Ind			Winston-Salem, N. C	î	••••••••

SYPHILIS.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Ca	ses.	1 Ca	ses.
Camp Bowie zone, Tex	16	Camp Pike zone, Ark	6
Charleston sanitary district, S. C	2	Portsmouth and Noriolk County health dis-	
Gas and Flame School zone, Ga	4	trict, Va	9
Camp Gordon zone, Ga	17	Camp Shelby zone, Miss	4
Camp Greene zone, N. C	5	Camp Sheridan zone, Ala	
Gulfport health district, Miss	1	Camp Zachary Taylor zone, Ky. and Ind	29
Camp Joseph E. Johnston zone, Fla		Tidewater health district, Va	
Camp Lee zone, Va		Camp Travis zone, Tex	
Camp Logan zone, Tex		Camp Wheeler zone, Ga	
Fort Oglethorpe zone, Ga. and Tenn	1	, ,	

TETANUS.

City Reports for Week Ended Oct. 19, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Boston, Mass Cleveland, Ohio Los Angeles, Cal	2 1	i	Minneapolis, Minn Savannah, Ga		1

TUBERCULOSIS.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Cas	es.	ı C	ases.
Camp Bowie zone, Tex	2	Camp McClellan zone, Ala	. 1
Camp Eberts zone, Ark	1	New London sanitary district, Conn	. 4
Gas and Flame School zone, Ga	4	Picric acid plant zone, Ga	. 2
Camp Gordon zone, Ga	3	Camp Sheridan zone, Ala	
Camp Greene zone, N. C	1	Camp Zachary Taylor zone, Ky. and Ind	
Gulfport health district, Miss	1	Tidewater health district, Va	. 2
Fort Leavenworth zone, Kans	1	Camp Travis zone, Tex	
Camp MacArthur zone, Tex		Camp Wheeler zone, Ga	

See also Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1953.

TYPHOID FEVER.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended Nov. 2, 1918.

Case	es.	[Ca	ses.
Charleston sanitary district, S. C	3	Camp Pike zone, Ark	2
Camp Eberts zone, Ark	2	Camp Shelby zone, Miss	1
Gas and Flame School zone, Ga	2	Camp Zachary Taylor zone, Ky. and Ind	2
Camp Gordon zone, Ga	3		

State Reports for September, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Connecticut: Fairfield County— Bridgeport. Easton. Greenwich New Canaan Norwalk Fidgefield Stamford Stratford.	6 3 1 1 6 2 4	Connecticut—Continued. Hartford County— Bristol. East Hartford. East Windsor. Hartford Manchester New Britain Southington West Hartford.	2 1 1 15 4 2 1

TYPHOID FEVER—Continued.

State Reports for September, 1918—Continued.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Connecticut—Continued.		Indiana—Continued.	
Hartford County-Continued.	٠.	Spencer County	1
Wethersfield	10 2	Steuben County St. Joseph County Switzerland County Tippecanoe County	. 1 4 4 2 1 6
Windsor Locks Litchfield County—	2	Switzerland County	4
Bethlehem	. 1	Tippecanoe County	9
Litchfield	i	Tipton County	1 1
New Milford	î	Tipton County. Vanderburg County.	l 6
Watertown	4	Vermillion County	ľ
Middlesex County—		Warrick County	1 5 3
Saybrook New Haven County—	1	Washington County	3
New Haven County—	_	Wayne County Wells County White County	$\frac{2}{3}$
Ansonia	2	Wells County	3
Derby	1	white County	1
Gillylord	4 5 1	Total	207
MeridenMilford	3	10001	201
New Haven	22	Maine:	
Manth Hanen		Aroostook County—	
Orange	i i	Ashland Town	6
Wallingford	14	Cumberland County-	
Seymour	i	Portland City	5
Waterbury	10	Oxford County	
North Haven Orange. Wallingford. Seymour. Waterbury. New London County—	- 1	Hiram Town	2
Giotomica	6	Hancock County—	
Lebanon	. 1	Penobscot Town	1
New London	1	Sagadahoc County-	
Norwich	2	Bath City	1
Stonington	1	Waldo County—	
Tolland County-		Northport Town	1
Stafford Windham County—	1	Total	16
Windham	• ,	10141	10
William	1	Maryland:	
Total	147	Raltimore	74
10001	17/	Baltimore Allegany County—	12
ndiana:		Cumberland	. 2
Adams County	-4	Lonaconing	ĩ
Allen County	3	Narrows Park	1
Benton County	3 1 1	Allegany Hospital Western Maryland Hospital	2 1 1 2 1
Boone County	1	Western Maryland Hospital	
Carroll County	1	Anne Arundel County	1
Cass County	1	Brooklyn	11
Clay County Clinton County Daviess County Dearborn County	3	Curtis Bay Severna Park, R. D.	11
Cinton County	3	Bristol	2 1
Daviess County	3	Bristol Brooklyn, R. D	i
Decatur County.	2	Baltimore County—	1
Dekalb County.	5	Mount Winans	6
Delaware County	8	Mount WinansRandallstown	ï
Delaware CountyElkhart County	6	Glen Morris	1
Fountain County.	ž	Howard Park	1
Fountain CountyGibson County	3332358627331233873272	Gardenville	11222213113121131211
Grant County	3	Chase	2
Hamilton County	3	Parkton	2
Hendricks County	1	Parkton. Parkton, R. D. Greenwood. Arlington	2
Howard County	2	Greenwood	1
Huntington County.	3	Arington	3
Jackson County	3	Granite English Consul	į
Jay County Jennings County Johnson County	2	Eligiish Cousu	, i
Jennings County	4	HullsvilleLutherville	1
Zonnson County	န္မ	Highlandtown	5
Knox County	ž II	Pognal Haights	ĩ
Lake County	19	Rognel HeightsCatonsvillePikesville, R. D	î
Laporte County. Lawrence County.	12	Pikosville R D	î
Madison County	13	Violetsville	3
Marion County		Violetsville	ī
Marshall County	2	Lauraville	1
Martin County	4 H	Raspeburg	1
Miami County	<u>ā</u>	Long Green	3 1
Monroe County	2	Summerfield	1
Montgomery County	2	Westport, R. D.	1
Noble County	2	Eccleston	1
Orange County	1	Morrell Park	1
Owen County	3 ∥	Roland Park	1
Parka County	7	Rossville, R. D.	1
Pike County	1	GlyndonGlyndon, R. D	1 1
Pike County Ripley County Rush County Scott County	18 2 4 4 2 2 1 3 7 1 2 1 2	Pools Pirror	1
H HOD I WILLIAM	1 11	Back RiverTurners Station	i
Trush County			

TYPHOID FEVER—Continued.

State Reports for September, 1918—Continued.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place,	New cases reported.
Maryland—Continued.		Maryland—Continued.	
Calvert County-	_	Garrett County	ŀ
Port Republic	2	Acci lent, R. D. Oakland, R. D. Friendsville, R. D.	1
Parron	1	Uakland, R. D	2
Willows	1	Oakland	1
Caroline County— Goldsboro, R. D	5	Grantsville	
Hillshorn	ĭ	Kitamil'er	l î
Hillsboro	ī l	Bloomington	lî
Mount Zion	1	Harford County-	_
Preston	1	Havre de Grace. Havre de Grace, R. D.	7
Preston, R. D	2	Havre de Grace, R. D	3
Preston. Preston, R. D. Williston, R. D.	213112122111	Uskington, R. D	1
Omenchem P D	9	Castleton. Aber leen, R. D. Chapel Church, R. D.	1
Grove R D	11	Chanel Church R D	i
Denton Greensboro, R. D. Grove, R. D. Burrsville. Hillsboro, R. D.	2	Bel Air	î
Hillsboro, R. D.	1	Bel AirForest Hill	ī
8mithson	2	Howard County-	_
Bethlehem, R. D	2	Elkri ige Poplar Springs Ellicott City	2
Harmony, R. D	1	Poplar Springs	1
rederaisourg	ŧ i	Was thins	5
RidgelyGreensboro	il	Woo ibine Kent County—	1
Goldsboro	i l	Chartertown P D	1
Henderson	ī	Milliaton Chestertown Kenne lyvil e Montgomery County—	î
Carroll County—	- 1	Chestertown	1 3 1
Westminster, R. D	2	Kenne tyvil e	1
Key Mar	1	Montgomery County—	
Union Bridge	1	H yattstown	1
Alesia, R. D Union Bridge, R. D	1	Barnesville	1
Union Bridge, R. D	1	Ednor	1
Snydersburg Westminster	. 1	Prince Georges County—	
	i l	T. B. Lakeland	+
Mount Airy	i l	Tuxedo	2
Woo thine, R. D.	ī	Suttland	ī
Warfieldsburg, R. D. Mount Airy. Woo lbine, R. D. Cecil County—	- 1	Bervyn Heights	1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 3
North East	1	Ag:13800	1
Elkton, R. D.	1	Largo Aguisco, ". D	1
Richar ismore Perryville.	1	Aourseo, D.	ī
Elston.	1 1	College Park Laurel	1
Union Hospital	i	Fiverdale	3
· Charles County-	- 1	Tiverdile	•
IndianheadLa Plata, R. DPomíret, R. D	1	Ing'eside, P. D.	1
La Plata, R. D	- 2	_ Steversville	1 4 2 1 1
Pomfret, R. D	1	McGintis Corner	2
Nanjemoy	1	Sud ersville	1
Dorchester County—		W Ve Wills, C. D	1
Camiridge, R. D	1 1	Price	2
Cambri lge	9	Villoughby PriceSomerset County—	-
Cambri lge East New Market	ĭ	Princess Anne	1
Cabin Creek Neck	1	Princess Anne	1
Hawk Eye	2 6	Deals Island	1 6
Ma tison	6	Crisfield	6
Vienna	1	Marion Station	1 1 2 1 1 2 2 3
Brookview	1	Kingston, R. D Shelltown	1
Fishing Creek. Hurlock, R. D. Brookview, R. D.	i	Pocomoke City, R. D.	ĩ
Brookview R. D.	î	Mount Vernon	î
Reils Grove	î l	Chance	$ar{2}$
Hurlock	1	Cristield, R. D	2
Frederick County—	_ #	Marion. Marion Station, R. D.	3
Doubs	2	Marion Station, R. D	1
Walkersvi'le	2	Marion, D	1
Bartonsville	1	Talbot County—	1
Fre lerick	1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1	Cordova, R. D. Easton, C. D.	i
Lil ertytown, R. D.	11	Easton, C. D	
New Market	2	Hancock	2
Brunswick	ā	Boonsboro	1
Lander	1	Funkstown	2
Middletown	1 [Hagerstown	4
Middletown, R. D	1	Mangansville	2 1 2 4 1
Knoxville. Walkersville, R. D.	1	YarrowsburgSharpsburg	i

TYPHOID FEVER—Continued.

State Reports for September, 1918-Continued.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Maryland—Continued.		Virginia—Continued.	
Wechington County-Continued	1	II Frederick County—	ł
Pectonville. Rohrersville, R. D. Chestaut Grove. Halfway.	.] 1	Winchester	,
Rohrersville, R. D	1 2 3	II Gilles Compty	11
Chestnut Grove	. 2	Grayson County	1 :
Halfway	. 3	Grayson County Greensville County Emporta Halifax County	•
Wicomico Connev—	l	Emporia	1 2
Salisbury	2 7	Hanias County	
Fruitland Salisbury, R. D. Penn. Gen. Hospital	1	Henrico County.	1.
Pown Con Hospital	2	Henry County Isle of Wight County	1
Worcester County—	-	James City County	;
Con come Fitting	2	James City County. King and Queen County King William County.	
Show Hill. Berlin. Cedar Hall, R. D. Pocomoke City, R. D. Stockton. Klej Grange. Girdletree. Snow Hill, R. D. Shad Landing. Whiton, R. D.	1	King William County.	
Cedar Hall, R. D	1 2 2 1 4	Lancasier Countr	
Pocomoke City, R. D	2	Lee County	
Stockton	2	Loudoun County	:
Klej Grange	1	Louisa County	:
Girdletree	4	Madison County Mecklenburg County Middlesex County	
Snow Hill, R. D.	1	Mecklemburg County	;
Shad Landing	1	Middlesex County	:
winton, E. D	3	Nansemond County	4
Total	406	Nansemond County. Nelson County. Norfolk County—	4
IV((()	400	Norfolk	
Nevada:		Northampton County	4
Clark County	1	Northumberland County	$\frac{2}{3}$
Humboldt County	î	Nottoway County	i i
Lyon County Washoe County	3	Nottoway County	i
Washoe County	4	Orange County. Patrick County Pittsylvania County.	$\hat{5}$
White Pine County	34	Patrick County.	3
		Pittsylvania County	4
Total	43	Prince Edward County	5
Tirginia:		Prince Edward County Prince George County Pulaski County Rappahannock County	3 4 5 7
Virginia: Accomac County	16	Pulaski County	1
Albemarie County	3	Rappanamock County—	1
Albemarie County Charlottesville	4	Poenoke County—	
Alexandria County.	. 2	RoanokeSalem	5 2 1 2
Alavandria	ī	Vinton	ĩ
Alleghany County	ī	Vinton. Rockbridge County	$\hat{2}$
Alleghany County Clifton Forge Covington	1		ī
Covington	2	Russell County	1
Amherst County Appomattox County Augusta County	2	Russell County Lebanon Scott County. Gate City Shenandoah County. New Market Smyth County	13
Appomattox County	4	Scott County	
Staunton.	11	Gate City	1
Bath County.	1	Shenandoan County	4
Redford County	1 8	New Market	1
Bland County	4	Marion.	i
Bedford County. Bland County Buchanan County Campbell County—	7 1	Southampton County	22
Campbell County-	. 11	Southampton County Spotsylvania County Fredericksburg	2
Altavista Brookneal	1	Fredericksburg	2 3
Brookneal	2 2 10	Surry County	ï
Lynchburg	2	Dendron Sussex County	1 3
	10	Sussex County	6
Carroll County	3	Jarratt Wakefield	1
Charles City County	3 1 2 1	Wakefield	1
Chesterneld County	2	Tazewell County. Graham. Pocahontas.	6
Clarke County	1 }	Graham.	i 1
Distance County	1	Pocanontas	Ī.
Carroll County. Carroll County. Charles City County. Clarke County. Culpeper County. Dickenson County. Dinwiddle County.	1 2 3	Warren County	4
Tillb-sh City Ci	3	Westmorpland County	£
Hampton	9	Wise County /	1º
Phoebus.	5	Norton	10
Essex County.	, <u>5</u>	Wythe County.	4 7 5 18 1 2
Fauquier County.	3	Ivanhoc	$\tilde{9}$
Warrenton	ž	Norton. Wythe County Ivanhoc. Rural Retreat.	ĭ
Hampton	2 2 9 3 2 6 1	<i>}</i> _	
	1	Total.	355
Rocky Mount	1 1	1	

TYPHOID FEVER-Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended Oct. 19, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Allentown, Pa	1		Minneapolis, Minn. Muncie, Ind. Nashville, Tenn. Natick, Mass. Newark, N. J. New Bedlord, Mass. New Britain, Conn. New Orleans, La. New York, N. Y. Northampion, Mass. North Tomawanda, N. Y.	,	:
Altoona, Pa			Muncie, Ind.	9	
nn Arber, Mich.	i		Nashville, Tenn	1 1	
tlenta, Ga	2	·····i	Natick Mass	i	! ;
Raltimore, Md	2 5	8	Newark, N. J.	1	1
Baltimore, Md Bayonne, N. J	ĭ		New Bedford, Mass	1	1
Beverly, Mass	5	i	New Britain Conn		/1
Dieminchem Ale	1) 5	New Haven, Conn.	,	i 1
Soston, Mass	î		New Orleans, La	2	1 1
Bridgenort, Conn	•	i	New York N Y	20	
enffala N V		i î	Northampton Moss	1	! ;
Surlington Vt		i	North Tonawanda, N. Y	1	l
ambridge, Mass	•••••••	i	Oakland, Cal.		
Amtonio, Mass Antoni, Ohio Antralia, III Anarleston, S. C. Anarleston, W. Va	••••••	i		1	2
Sententia III	••••••	•			ĺ
Speciator S C	7	2	Piqua, Ohio.	. á	1
Showloston W Vo	1	4	Pittsburgh, Pa	2	,
hester, Pa.	3	• • • • • • • • • •	Pontiac, Mich	2	
Misser, IN		1	Portland Ma	•	
hicago, III	31	2	Portland, Me	1	
leveland, Ohio	2	2		2	
offeyville, Kans	2	2	Providence, R. I	1	
olumbus, Ohio			Reading, Pa		
orpus Christi, Tex			Rochester, N. Y.	1	
Dallas, Tex	1	1	Sacramento, Cal	1	.
etroit, Mich.	7	i	Saginaw, Mich	1	1
au Claire, Wis	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	St. Louis, No.	8	1
lmira, N. Y	3	1	Sait Lake City, Clan		2
l Paso, Tex	1 1		San Diego, Cal	1	
rie, Pa	Z		Santa Cruz, Cal	1	
all River, Mass	2		Saratoga Springs, N. Y		1
ort Worth, Tex	1 1		Savannah, Ga	1	
rand Rapids, Mich	11		Seattle, Wash	1	
reensboro, N. C.	11	l l	Springfield, Il!	1	
louston, Tex	3]		Springfield, Mo		1
adependence, Mo		1 1	Saginsw, Mich. St. Louis, Mo. Salt Jake City, Utah. San Diogo, Cal. Santa Cruz, Cal. Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Savannah, Ga Seattle, Wash. Springfield, Il. Springfield, Mo. Springfield, Ohio. Steelton, Pa. Syracuse, N. Y. Toledo, Ohio.		1
ndianapolis, Ind	4]	·····ż	Steelton, Pa	1	
ohnstown, Pa	1 }	. 	Syracuse, N. Y.	3	
oplin, Mo	4	2	Toledo, Ohio.	2	2
ansas City, Kans	1 1				
noxville, Tenn	3	i	Vancouver Wash	1	
okomo, Indackawanna, N. Y	2	1	Walla Walla, Wash	12	
ackawanna, N. Y	1				
incoin, Nebr	1 1	1	Wheeling, W. Va. Wichita, Kans. Wilmington, Del. Winston-Salem, N. C.	3	2
ong Beach, Cal	11		Wichita, Kans	3	2
ouisvifle, Ky	3	2	Wilmington, Del		5
vnn. Mass	2		Winston-Salem, N. C.		ĭ
emphis, Tenn	4		Yonkers, N. Y.	1	. -
ilwaukee, Wis				- 1	

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS.

State Reports for September, 1918.

	Ca	ses repor	ted.		Cases reported.			
State.	Diph- theria.	Mea- sles.	Scarlet fever.		Mea- sics.	Scarlet fever.		
Connecticut	204 222 10	86 40 13	68 156 13	Maryland	88 113	95 1 85	69 3 31	

City Reports for Week Ended Oct. 19, 1918.

							·			
	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1917		1 -	ntheria	Mea	asles.		arlet ver.		ercu-
	estimated by U.S.	from all	١.	ä	١,	ai		g	١.	Si Si
	Čensus Bureau).	causes.	Cases	Deaths	Cases.	Deaths	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths
Alameda, Cal	28, 433	9	6	1	1		. 1			
Alameda, Cal. Alexandria, La. Allentown, PaAlton, Ill. Altoona, Pa. Ann Arbor, Mich. Ansonia, Conn. Anpleton, Wie	28,433 16,232 61,109	45								
Allentown, Pa	85, 109 23, 783	ii	3	i	12		i			·····;
Altoona, ra	23,783 59,712		. 15				i			
Ann Arbor, Mich	15,011 16,954	55 30	1			·····	· ····		·····	
Appleton, Wis. Arlington, Mass. Aslury Park, N. J. Ashtabula, Ohio. Astoria, Oreg.	18,005	12								
Arlington, Mass	13,073	16		.	·		·			
Ashtabula, Ohio	14,6 9 22,008 10,487	16 8					i		• • • • • • •	
Astoria, Oreg	10,487	{ 6	1	i					2 1	
Astoria, Oreg. Atlanta, Ga. Atlantic City, N. J. Attleboro, Mass Bakersfield, Cal Baltimore, Md. Bayonne, N. J. Beatrice, Nebr. Belleville, N. J. Beloit, Wis. Berbeley, Cal	196, 144	124 55		.	1		8		1 4	2
Attlebore, Mass.	59,515 19,776 17,543	9	1						.	5
Bakersfield, Cal	17,543	24								
Battimore, Md	594,637 72,204	1,691	23 2	4	1		8	7	25 1	48
Beatrice, Nebr	10.437	8	1		1					
Belleville, N. J	21, 154 18, 547		····	.	•••••				1	
Beloit, Wis. Berkeley, Cai Bethlehem, Pa Beverly, Mass. Billin; 8, Mont. Binchamton, N. Y. Birmingham, Ala Bluefield, W. Va. Boise, Idaho Boston, Mass. Braddock, Pa.	603 497	18 27	5		i		2		i	•••••
Bethlehem, Pa	14,353		5 3 2				l	•••••		
Beverly, Mass	27, 128 15, 123	19 1'	2	ļ			1	•••••	;-	;
Binchamton, N. Y.	54,861	77	i				4		1	1 2
Birmingham, Ala	54, 864 189, 716	177	1 4		1		4	•••••	5	9
Bluefield, W. Va	16 173	6	1				i	•••••	• • • • • •	
Boston, Mass	35, 951 767, 813 22, 060	763	26	2	4		5	i	38	19
Braddock, Pa	22,060	. 	2		i			•••••		
Bridgeport, Conn	10,472	5 116	1 6				3	•••••	2	
Braddock, Pa. Brazil, Ind. Bridgeport, Conn. Bristol, Conn.	10,472 124,774 16,318	36	9 3	i			ĭ			
Bristol, Conn Brook line, Mass Buffalo, N. Y Burlington, Iowa Burlington, Vt. Butler, Pa. Butte, Mont Cairo, Ill. Cambridge, Mass. Canton, Ohio. Carbondale Pa	33.5^6	10					;.	•••••	1	•••••
Burlington, Iowa	475, 781 25, 144	69 3	30	6	47	1	13		32	14
Burlington, Vt	21.707	42			6	1	1 1			1 3
Butler, Pa	28,677 41,0-7		5 6		•••••		9		•••••	•••••
Cairo, Ill	15 995	27					i			i
Cambridge, Mass	114,293	100	9		· 3				5	6
Carbondale, Pa	114, 293 62, 566 19, 597	34			3 2 8	• • • • •		•••••	1	•••••
Carnerie, Pa	11.963				1 1					· · · · · · ·
Centralia, Ill	11,838	7	1		1		4			7
Canton, Ohio. Carbondale, Pa. Carnerie, Pa. Centralia, III Charleston, S. C. Charleston, W. Va. Charlotte, N. C. Chelsea, Mass. Chicago, III. Chicopee, Mass. Chillicotte, Ohio	61,0°1 31,060	43	17	1	•••••	•••••	•••••		•••••	7
Charlotte, N. C.	40 750	26	1				5 1			i
Chicago III	48, 405 2, 547, 201 29, 930 15, 625 692, 259 13, 075 220, 135	34 2,866	139	23	20		26		234	80
Chicopee, Mass.	29,950	25	133	1			20		201	80
Chillicothe, Ohio	15,625	14	1		1					•••••
Clinton, Mass	13 075	333 18	34	3	1		22	1	18	20
Columbus, Ohio	220, 135	84	7		i		ii		6	7
Concord, N. H	220, 135 27, 858 10, 789	40								1
Cortland, N. Y.	13 3 7 1	6 26								•••••
Council Bluffs, Iowa	31,838	35 67	5				1			•••••
Chieopee, Mass. Chillicothe, Ohio. Cleveland, Ohio. Clinton, Mass. Columbus, Ohio. Concord, N. H. Corpus Christi, Tex Cortland, N. Y. Council Bluffs, Iowa. Covington, Ky Cranston, R. I. Dallas, Tex	31, 838 59, 6 3 26, 773	67	3				2	••••••	2	2
Dallas, Tex. Dallas, Tex. Danville, Ill. Detroit, Mich. Dover, N. H.	129, 738	29 129		i	···i	:::::	3		···i	8
Danville, Ill	129, 738 3°, 969 619, 618 13, °76	18			. 1					
Dover N H	13 278	367 16	99	10	i	•••••	30	•••••	29	12
Du Bois, Pa	14,994		3							· · · · · · ·
Dubuque, Iowa	40.030	11	:-	1	ا					····i
Du Bois, Pa	97, 077 30, 286	54 43	1		3	•••••	1		1	
Laston, Pa	30, 854		i						i	i
East Orange, N. J.	43,761	30	ī	!		}	2 1		l	•••••

	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1917		_	htheri	a. Mo	asles.		arlet ver.	Ti cu	iber- losis.
City.	City. (estimated by U. S. Consus Burcau).	from all causes	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
East Providence, R. I	18, 485 18, 887	ļ	. :	ι		.	. 2			
Eau Claire, Wis	18,887 28,562	9				-	. 1		. 1	
Elizabeth, N. J.	88, 830	163		,			.] ```i`		i	3
Eigin, III. Elizabeth, N. J. Elmira, N. Y. El Paso, Tex Elyria, Ohio Englewood, N. J.	28, 562 88, 830 38, 272	7	1		. 5		. 1		. i	3 2 5 1
El Paso, Tex	69, 149	131 12	ii			• • • • • • •	. 1			. 5
Englewood, N. J.	19,503 12,603	13	1						· ·····	1
Erie, Pa Evanston, III. Everett, Mass Everett, Wash Fall River, Mass	76, 592		. 8				2	1	i	
Evanston, Ill	29,304	33				•				
Everett Wash	40, 160 37, 205	19	i	-	• ••••	•			1	1
Fall River, Mass	37, 205 129, 828	241	1		. 5	1	4		7	3
Fargo, N. Dak	17,872	11							ļ	
Fargo, N. Dak Findlay, Ohio Fond du Lac, Wis Fort Dodge, Iowa Fort Scott, Kans. Fort Worth, Tex Frederick, Md. Galesburg III	1 14,858	25	1		•		3			
Fort Dodge, Iowa	21,486	11	i	-	· ·····		$\frac{2}{1}$			1
Fort Scott, Kans.	21,039 10,564 109,597	4	1				1			
Fort Worth, Tex	109, 597	106	3		.		2		1	i
Galeshurg III	11, 225 24, 629	14 16	 	·		·{				•••••
Galveston, Tex.	42,650	32			1*			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2
Galesburg, III. Galveston, Tex. Gardner, Mass. Geneva, N. Y.	42,650 17,534	16	2			1				3
Geneva, N. Y.	13,915	8	<u>.</u>	.	. 1		1			
Grand Rapids, Mich. Green Bay, Wis. Greenfield, Mass.	132,861	37 18	5		. 2		9		5 1	····;
Greenfield, Mass	30,017 12,251	46		1	1					1
Greensboro, N. C. Greenwich, Conn. Hackensack, N. J	20.171 (24					2		l. .	
Greenwich, Conn	19,594	••••	 	.			1	• • • • • •		
Harrison, N. J.	19,594 17,412 17,345	31	ļ		····				····· ₂	• • • • • •
Hartford, Conn	112,851	207	i	1	5		i			4
Hattiesburg, Miss	17,357		l	J	1					
Harrison, N. J. Hartford, Conn. Hattlesburg, Miss. Hoboken, N. J. Holyoke, Mass.	78,324	81 52	4	2				• • • • • •	11	1
Holyoke, Mass. Hoquiam. Wash. Hornell, N. Y. Houston, Tex. Independence, Mo. Indianapolis, Ind. Jackson, Mich. Lacksonwille, Ill.	112,851 17,357 78,324 66,503 12,230		1				i			••••
Hornell, N. Y.	14,507		2				<u>-</u> .]			
Independence Mo	116,878	151	1		2		1			4
Indianapolis, Ind	11,964 283,622 35,996	12	12	3	····i		•••••		3	6
Jackson, Mich.	35,996	221 58		l						1
Jacksonville, III Janesville, Wis. Jersey City, N. J. Johnstown, Pa	15,506	13								2
Janesville, Wis	14,411	20	16	 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		5			1
Johnstown, Pa	70,473		3		19		i		8	****
Joplin, Mo	312,557 70,473 33,400 50,408		•••••						23	4
Kankakoa III	50,408	24	•••••				3		3	• • • • •
Kansas City, Kans	14,270 102,096		5		1				3	•••••
Kenosha, Wis.	32,833].		3	i			7			
Knoxville, Tenn	59,112 . 21,929		1	1	• • • • • •		1 .		1	1
Joplin, Mo Kalamazoo, Mich Kankakoe, III. Kansas City, Kans Kenosha, Wis. Knosville, Tenn Kokomo, Ind Lackawanna, N. Y. La Crosse, Wis. Las Fayette, Ind Lancaster, Pa. Lawrence, Mass. Leavenworth, Kans.	16,219	16 20	$\frac{\cdots}{2}$	····i	31			•••••	•••••	1
La Crosse, Wis	31,835	23							i	i
La Fayette, Ind	21.481	14					1	1 .		ī
Lancaster, Pa	51,437 . 102,923 19,363	128	1	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •		1 .			• • • • •
Leavenworth, Kans	19, 363	6							4	• • • • •
Leavenworth, Kans. Lexington, Ky Lima, Ohio Lincoln, Nebr. Lincoln, R. I.	41 007 /	21	1		i		1			2
Lima, Ohio	37, 145	17	1	1	1	{	11 .			••••
Lincoln, R. I	30, 957 10 473	71	$\frac{2}{1}$	1	•••••				1	••••
Little Rock, Ark	37, 145 46, 957 10, 473 58, 716	22	i		···i		1 .			
	29,163 38,266	36					! .			•••••
Lorain, Unio	38,266	245					3 .			
Louisville, Kv	535, 485 240, 808	266	47 11	2	8 2		2		59 9	22 15
corain, Ohio Los Angeles, Cal Louisville, Ky Lowell, Mass Lynchburg, Va	114.366	160	4		2	1	3		2	6
ynchburg, Va	33,497 104,534	97 .			.					3
ynn, Mass	109,534	57	81			'	21.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3 1	3

¹ Population Apr. 15, 1910.

	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1 117	Total deaths	1	theria.	Mea	asles.		wlet ver.		aber- losis,
City.	(estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	from all causes.		Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
McKeesport, Pa Madison, Wis Ma'den, Mass Manchester, Conn Maninotte, Wis Marinotte, Wis	48, 299 31, 315 52, 243 15, 859 13, 931 14, 610	32 35 12 10	3	1	5		5 1	1		2 1 1
Mason City, Iowa Meadville, Pa Medford, Mass	19, 938 14, 938 13, 688 26, 684 17, 724 151, 877	3 5 8 14 7 251	1 4	2			3		6	1
Merrose, Mass Memphis, Tenn Michigan City, Ind Miiwaukee, Wis. Minnrapolis, Minn Missou'a, Mont. Moline, Ill Monessen, Pa Monte air, N. J.	21, 913 445, 008 378, 448 19, 075 27, 076 21, 070 27, 087	6 195 159 21 6	12 23 4 17	1	8		17 3	1	19 15	5 6
Morgautown, W. Va	44, 039 14, 444 13, 410 20, 703 10, 877 25, 653	14 12 57 7 6 35	4		2		1		1	1
Nashua, N. H. Nashville, Tenn. Natick, Mass. Newark, N. I. New Bedford, Mass. New Britain, Conn. Newburyport, Mass. New Caste, Ind. New Haven, Conn.	27, 541 118, 1 46 10, 140 418, 789 121, 622 55, 185 15, 201	239 •6 5^0 252 33 15	10 5 2	5 1	14 3 1 2		3 3 4		22 4	3 3 7 2 1
New Castie, Ind. New Haven, Conn. New Orienns, 1 a. Newport, Ky. Newport, R. I. Newton, Mass. New York, N. Y. Niagara Falts, N. Y. Norfolk, Va.	14,144 152,275 377,0:0 32,133 30,585 44,345 5,737,492	5 194 778 73 19 36 5,666	17 4 7 170	1 1 39	2	 2	1 5 2 51	1	2 56 1	1 1 1 198
North Adams, Mass	38, 466 91, 148 31, ^67 22 019 20 006 14. 0 0	18 18 9	2 2	î	1		2		2	133
Norwalk, Conn	22 058 27, 332 23 269 206 405 27, 816 32 343 97, 588	34 11 95 18 33	3	1	9		5		2 9 1	7
Ogden, Utah Oklahoma City, Okla Clan, N. Y Omaha, Nebr Orange, N. J Oshkosh, Wis. Parkersburg, W. Va. Pasa lena, Cal Pas saic, N. J Pawtucket R. I	16. 927 177. 777 33. 636 36, 549 21. 059 49. 620	37 169 41 14 12 16	9 1 2	1	4		2		2	6 - 2
Peekskill, N. Y	74, 478 60, 666 19, 031 72, 184 42, 646 1, 735 514 11, 871	87 143 24 59 60 5,270	1 1 62	19	1 15 1		2 7	2	78	102
Peoria, II Perth An boy, N. J. Philadelphia, Pa. PhoenixvIIIe, Pa. Piqua, Ohio. Pittsburgh, Pa. Pitt field, Mass. Plymouth, Mass. Il mouth, Pa. Pontiac, Mich.	14, 275 583, 196 30, 678 14, 001 19, 433 18, 006	13 54 7 27	25 1		4		7		10	2

	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1917	Total deaths	Dipl	ıt he ri a	Me	asles.		riet er.	Tu	iber- losis.
City.	(estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	from all causes.	Cas es .	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Port Chester, N. Y. Portland, Me. Portland, Oreg. Pottsville, Pa. Providence, R. I. Quincy, Mass Reacine, Wis. Reading, Pa. Redlands, Cal. Richmond, Va. Riverside, Cal. Roanoke, Va. Rockester, N. Y. Rockford, Ill. Rock Island, Ill. Rocky Mount, N. C. Rome, N. Y. Rutland, Vt. Sacramento, Cal. Saginaw, Mich. St. Joseph, Mo. St. Louis, Mo. Salt Lake City, Utah. San Angelo, Tex. San Diego, Cal. San Diego, Cal. San Diego, Cal. Sanford, Me.	16. 727	24	1					ļ		
Portland, Me Portland, Oreg	64.720 308.399	54 75	3	·¦	ii		· · · · · ·		3	5
Pottsville, Pa	22, 717 259, 895	348	1 12	····i	<u>-</u>	2		····i		16
Quincy, Mass	39,022	20	3		ļ <u>.</u> .]	1			
Racine, Wis Reading, Pa	47, 465 111, 607	34	4		16		2		2	
Redlands, Cal	14,573 158,702	3 259	2	1	····					
Riverside, Cal	20, 496		ī	ļ <u>.</u>	·					2
Rochester, N. Y	46, 282 264, 714	41 167	16	·····i	2	· · · · · · ·	11		8	7
Rockford, Ill	264, 714 56, 739 29, 452	84 11	2		ļ		•••••			
Rocky Mount, N. C	12,673	15								i
Rome, N. Y	24, 259 15, 038	21		¦			3		4	·····
Sacramento, Cal.	68,984	32					1	· • • • • •	5	2
St. Joseph, Mo	56, 469 86, 498	9 98	9 8		16		2	· · · · · ·		1
St. Louis, Mo	768, 630 121, 623	380 53	53 11	4	17		$\frac{26}{11}$	1	45	22 2 2 2 2 2
San Angelo, Tex	10.321	9)			2
San Bernardino, Cal	17, 616 56, 412	13 31	1 4		7		2		i	$\frac{2}{2}$
San Diego, Cal Sanford, Me. San Jose, Cal.	11. 217 39, 810	11	••••							
Santa Cruz, Cal	15, 150	4	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				1			i
Santa Cruz, Cal. Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Sault Ste, Marie, Mich.	13, 839 14, 130	28 21	1	 -	•••••	·····	•••••	• • • • •	1	2
Savannah, Ga.	69, 250	62	2				2		1	Ī
Schenectady, N. Y	103.774 149,541		2		1					
Savannah, Ga. Schenectady, N. Y. Scranton, Pa. Seattle, Wash. Shamokin, Pa.	366, 445 21, 274		10 2		3		6	!		
Sioux City, Iowa	58, 568	1	$\frac{2}{2}$				1			
Somerville, Mass	16, 887 88, 618	66 i	6	····i			1			$\cdots \frac{\cdot}{2}$
South Bend, Ind	70.967 14.465	52 7	1		13	•••••	1			
Springfield, Ill.	62,623	36	5	1						1
Springfield, Mass	108,668 41,169	90 10	6	2	• • • • • •		3		1	2
Springfield, Ohio	52.296 28.259	45			33		1	1		
Stockton, Cal	36, 209	13	1		· · · · · · · '		4			
South Bend, Ind. South Bend, Ind. Southbridge, Mass. Springfield, Ill. Springfield, Mo. Springfield, Mo. Springfield, Ohio. Stonbenville, Ohio. Stockton, Cal. Superior, Wis. Syracuse, N. Y. Tacoma, Wash. Taunton, Mass. Toledo, Ohio. Topeka, Kans. Trenton, N. J. Troy, N. Y. Uniontown, Pa. Vallejo, Cal. Vancouver, Wash. Waco, Tex. Walla Walla, Wash. Watham, Mass.	47, 167 158, 550	11 294					11			
Tacoma, Wash	158, 559 117, 446	j	1		i				1	
Taunton, Mass	36.610 202.010	82 113	1 6	1	1 3		10		$\frac{3}{12}$	1 9
Topeka, Kans	49,538 113,974	49	9	3		•••••				
Troy, N. Y.	78,094	139	1	1		1				4
Uniontown, PaValleio, Cal	21,600 . 13,803 .	38	3		•••••		1			
Vancouver, Wash	13,805 .				1					· · · · · ·
Walla Walla, Wash	34, 015 26, 067	38					i		i	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Waitham, Mass. Waitham, Mass. Warren, Pa. Washington, D. C. Washington, Pa. Watertown, N. Y Westfield, Mass. West New York, N. I	31,011 15,083	69	1 2		2					1
Washington, D. C.	369. 282	775	7	1	2		4		16	17
Wasnington, Pa Watertown, N. Y	22, 076 30, 404	87							1	
West New York N I	18,769 19,613	35 . 14 .					3			• • • • •
Wheeling, W. Va	43,657	27			i i					i
West New York, N. J. West New York, N. J. Wheoling, W. Va Wichita, Kans Wilkes-Barre, Pa Williamsport, Pa	73, 597 78, 334		6		2	····¦-			3	1
Williamsport, Pa	34, 123		4							

• City.	Population as of July 1. 1917 deaths (rom by U. S. Consus Bureau).	Diphtheria.		Measles.		Scarlet fever.		Tuber- culosis.		
		Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	
Wilmington, Pel. Winchester, Mass. Winona, Minn Winston-Salem, N. C. Woburn, Mass	95.369 10.812 18.583 33.136 16.076	344 6 30 75 10	6 3	3		•••••	2	•••••	2	2 5
Woodrn, mass. Worcester, Mass. Yonkers, N. Y. Zanesville, Ohio.	166, 106 103, 066 31, 320	203 114 23	3 1	1	2		î 	•••••	11 2	5 3 2

FOREIGN.

CHINA.

Plague-Infected Rat-Hongkong.

During the two weeks ended September 14, 1918, out of 3,940 rats examined at Hongkong, 1 rat was found plague infected.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Examination of Rats-Liverpool.

During the period from June 30 to September 7, 1918, 1,250 rats were examined at Liverpool. No plague infection was found.

HONDURAS.

Influenza—Tegucigalpa.

Epidemic influenza was reported at Tegucigalpa, October 7, 1918, with many cases and a number of relapses and reinfections.

ITALY.

Mortality From Influenza-Palermo.

During the week ended September 25, 1918, 962 fatal cases of influenza were reported at Palermo.

JAMAICA.

Influenza-Kingston-Port Antonio.1

On October 23, 1918, epidemic influenza was reported at Kingston, Jamaica, with an estimated number of 5,000 cases and a high rate of mortality. At Port Antonio, Jamaica, epidemic influenza was reported October 12, 1918.

MEXICO.

Influenza—Chihuahua—Matamoras—Salina Cruz.

Influenza was reported at Chihuahua, Mexico, October 5, 1918, with about 500 cases present and an average daily occurrence of about 25 deaths. At Matamoras influenza was reported present October 21, 1918. In Salina Cruz the disease was reported present in September.

NORWAY.

Influenza-Trondhjem.

Influenza was reported at Trondhjem, Norway, during the month of September, 1918.

SPAIN.

Influenza-Tarragona.

On September 23, 1918, influenza was reported present at Tarragona with many hundred cases.

TUNISIA.

Influenza-Tunis.

During the last week in September, 1918, 32 fatal cases of influenza were reported at Tunis.

VENEZUELA.

Influenza-Caracas.

Influenza was reported, November 2, 1918, to be spreading rapidly in Caracas. Many fatal cases are stated to have occurred in one of the principal prisons.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER. Reports Received During Week Ended Nov. 8, 1918.1

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India: Madras	Aug. 4-10	8	6	
Surabaya	July 30-Aug. 12	142	124	
Mid-Java	Aug. 1-7	12	13	
West Java		:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Aug. 8-14, 1918: Cases, 39; deaths,
Batavi3	Aug. 8-14	10	. 7	22.
Persia Philippine Islands:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	June 16-23, 1918: Deaths, 191.
Provinces				Sept. 8-14, 1918: Cases, 77; deaths,
Bohol		55	41	55.
Levtc		5	6	
Misamis		10	. 4	
Oriental Negros		4	2	
Sorsogon		3	2	
Provinces		•••••		Sept. 15-21, 1918: Cases, 211;
Bohol	Sept. 15-21	86 89	59 59	deaths, 139. Including 124
Cebu Læyte		10	10	cases, 83 deaths, not previously reported.
Oriental Negros		17	10	toportou.
Sorsogon	do	9	4	

¹ From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources.

Reports Received During Week Ended Nov. 8, 1918—Continued.

PLAGUE. .

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India: Karachi. Madras-Presidency Rangoon Jaya:	July 14-Aug. 17 Aug. 4-10 Aug. 4-10	9 169 25	7 120 25	,
East Java— Surabaya	July 3-Aug. 12	8	8	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SMAL	LPOX.	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>
Canada: Nova Scotia—				-
Halifax	Oct. 13-19	9		
	July 14-20	20	1	
	Aug. 4-10do	14 1	i	
ava:	uo	*	•	
East Ja-a Surabaya Mid-Ja a	July 30-Aug. 12 Aug. 1-7	4 12		
West Ja a				Aug. 8-14, 1918: Cases, 36, death
Ba a ia	Aug. 1-7	6	3	24.
Arnolds Cove	Oct. 12-18	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Tunis	Sept. 21-27	•••••	1	
	TYPHUS	FEVE	.	
hosen (Korca):				
Seoulgypt:	Aug. 1-31	1		,
Alexandria	Sept. 17-23	14	4	
	Sept. 23-29	1		
Cape of Good Hope State— Port Eli. abeth District.	Aug. 18–24			In interior towns among native
	YELLOW	FEVER	.	
uatemala: San Jose	Sept. 29-Oct. 5	3	1	

Reports Received from June 29 to Nov. 1, 1918.

CHOLERA.

		•					
Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.			
Albania	•••••			Aug. 7, 1918: Present. July 26, 1918: Present.			
India: Bombay Calcutta Do.	Mar. 17-June 15 Apr. 14-June 29 June 30-July 20	8	6 453 56	May 19-June 1, 1918: Deaths, 74.			
Madras Do Mandalay	Mar. 24–June 1 July 6–27 May 5–June 15	7 28	4 15 8				
Mergui Fegu. Rangoon. Do	May 19–25		1 1 19				

Reports Received from June 29 to Nov. 1, 1918—Continued.

CHOLERA-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Indo-China		1		Jan. 1-Apr. 30, 1918: Cases, 437
Anam	Mar. 1-Apr. 30	7	5	deaths, 302.
Cambodia	Jan. 1-Apr. 30	248	186	uctitiz, 002.
Cochin-China	do	165	iii	May 20-June 16, 1918: Cases, 66
	Mov 20 Jame 16	100	***	
Cholon	May 20-June 16	4		deaths, 55.
Saigon	Apr. 20-Sept. 1	93	19	1
Tonkin	Jan. 1-Apr. 30	7	43	
Java:	1	1	1	1
East Java—	1_	1	1	1
Surabaya	June 6-12	13	3	Present July 24.
Do	June 25-Aug. 26	364	300	-
Mid-Java		1	1	Apr. 18-June 26, 1918; Cases, 864 deaths, 653. June 27-Aug. 21,
	i			deaths, 653. June 27-Aug. 21.
	ŧ .	l	ĺ	1918: Cases, 1,043; deaths, 696.
Samarang	July 24	l	l	Present.
West Java	1			Fab 22_Iune 97 1019 Cacco 1 420
Batavia	Fob 99 June 97		100	Feb. 22-June 27, 1918: Cases, 1,432 deaths, 869; June 28-July 31, 1918: Cases, 902; deaths 546.
Datavia	Feb. 22-June 27 June 28-July 31	231	103	1010, (lease, 000, deet) 111
Do	June 28-July 31	66	45	EP13: Cases, 902; deaths 546.
Cheribon	June 7-27	146	111	1
Persia:	j .	{		1
Provinces—	1	1		1 '
Chiraz	June 27		.	Present, especially among tribes
	1	1		of Gashgaye and in the city of
	1 .	1		Darab.
Vanovina	June 12-15.	1 :	•	Present.
Kazovine	June 12-10			riesent.
Kars Province—		1		l =
Kazaroun			 .	December, 1917: 3 or 4 deaths re-
•	1	1 1		ported daily.
Mahour-Milati	 	1		Present in December, 1917, with
				about 300 fatal cases reported.
Kerman Province—	l	1		
Kerman	1	1 1		Outbrook Reb 5 1918
Kerman Khorasan				Outbreak, Feb. 5, 1918. Oct. 2-Nov. 16, 1917: Cases, 78; deaths, 56. In 7 localities.
Kiioi asaii		•••••	• • • • • • • • • •	Oct. 2-Nov. 10, 1917. Cases, 75,
Quintary				Wattis, 30. Ill 7 localities.
Seistan			• • • • • • • • • •	Nov. 4, 1917: Cases, 6. A part of
		1		this Province or region extends
				into Afghanistan.
Philippine Islands:		1		
Provinces			• • • • • • • • •	Apr. 28-June 29, 1918: Cases, 677;
Bohol	Apr. 28-June 29	65	53	deaths, 428. June 30-Sept. 7,
Do	Inly 7-Sent 7	267	163	1918: Cases, 1,238; deaths, 379.
Capiz	ATT 28-May 4	-~il	- 1	20201 0 2000, 1,000, 2000, 1101
Cebu	Mars Times 99	35	19	•
Do	Tune 20 Cont 7			
7	June 30-Sept. 7 Apr. 28-June 29 June 30-Sept. 7 Apr. 28-June 22	360	207	
Leyte	Apr. 28-June 29	108	39	
Do	June 30 Sept. 7	23	16	
Misamis	Apr. 28-June 22 [294	163	
Do Oriental Negros	June 30-130pt. 1	302 }	99	
Oriental Negros	June 3-29	42	23	
Do	June 30-Sept. 7	98	45	
Sorsogon	June 2-29	112	100	
Do	Verland 4 Comp. 7			
	July 14-Sept. 7	149	· 61	
Surigao	Apr. 28-June 22	92	89	
Do	June 30-Aug. 17]	13	13	
Russia:	1	1		
Astara	Jan. 9-Feb. 27	58	48	In vicinity, Feb. 11-23, 1918: Cases, 17; deaths, 14. Province
		- 1		Cases 17: deaths 14. Province
	1	1		of Transcaucasia.
Petrograd	Tuby 7	}		Present.
	July 7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	TIESENI.
weden:	1	. ا	_ 1	D 0 . 0
Stockholm	July 15	5	1	From S. S. Angermaniand from
1	· 1	ĭ		From S. S. Angermaniand from Petrograd, Russia.
witserland.			1	July 26, 1918: Present.
On vessel:	1			
S. S. Angermanland	July 14	8	1	At Stockholm; from Petrograd.
		V 1	- 1	

PLAGUE.

Arabia: Aden	May 22-28		1	
Buenos Aires. Tuerman	Apr. 20-May 22	16	2	In March, 1918: 3 cases in an institution.

Reports Received from June 29 to Nov. 1, 1918—Continued.

PLAGUE-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Brazil: Bahis.	June 16-22	. 1	1	
Ceylon: Colombo Do	Mar. 23-June 29 June 30-July 6			
China.	1			Present.
Amoy Hongkong Do	ì	. 130	104	
Duran Guayaquil Do	May 1-June 15	28 1	10	Feb. 1-28, 1918: Cases, 22; deaths,
Egypt				8. Jan. 1-July 4, 1918: Cases, 438; deaths, 228.
Port Said	May 19-21 July 4	2		1 pneumonic.
Provinces— Asslout Beni-Souef Fayoum Gizeh	July 27-29 Apr. 26-30	. 2		
Keneh	Apr. 21-June 27 June 30 May 16	7 1	4	
Minieh Do Great Britain:	May 16 Apr. 23-June 10 June 27-July 4	33 17	14 4	5 septicemic. 1 pneumonic.
Erwarton	June 19	1 5	1	Rural district, Eamford, East Suffolk. On vessel from Calcutta.
London, PortRochester	Aug. 17 June 2	i	1	From s. s. Somali at Gravesend from Bombay.
IndiaBassein	Mar. 25-June 15		149	Mar. 31-June 29, 1918: Cases, 163,- 977; deaths, 132,917. June 30- July 6, 1918: Cases, 1,342; deaths, 988.
Do Bombay Calcutta	Mar. 24-June 15 Apr. 14-June 29	630	750 110	deaths, 988. May 19-June 1, 1918: Deaths, 30.
Do Henzada Karachi	June 30-July 20	879	10 23 807	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Do	Mar. 24-June 29 Apr. 21-June 29 June 30-July 13 Mar. 24-June 15	17 493 502	17 362 374	Mar. 17-May 4, 1918: Cases, 1,133;
Do	July 14-27 Mar. 17-Apr. 20 Mar. 24-June 29	502	52 144	deaths, 820.
Do	July 7–27 Mar. 17–Apr. 14 Apr. 14–June 29		16 10 14	
Prome	July 7-20		3 34 38	
Rangoon	July 7-27	433 145	418 140 59	
Indo-ChinaAnam	Jan. 1-Apr. 30	127.	76	Jan. 1-Feb. 28, 1918: Cases, 722; deaths, 534.
Cambodia Cochin-China Cholon	dodo	290 227 12	278 121 6	May 29-June 8, 1918: Cases, 66; deaths, 30.
Saigon Kwang-Chow-Wan Laos	Apr. 29-Aug. 25 Mar. 1-Apr. 30 Feb. 1-28	72 63 4	42 38 2	
Tonkin Java: East Java	Mar. 1-Apr. 30	21	19	Jan. 15-Apr. 22, 1918; Cases, 328;
		3 13	34 10	deaths, 226.
Residencies— Diocjakarta Lipojakarta Kediri Madioen Samarang Surabaya	dodododo	30 82	30 81	
Mid-Java	July 11-17	97 12 10	97 12 10	June 11-24, 1918: Cases, 21; deaths, 21. June 25-Aug. 26; 1918: Cases, 29; deaths, 29.
Samarang West Java Batavia	Aug. 15-21	19	19	Aug. 17-28, 1915; Cases, 73; deaths, 46.

Reports Received from June 29 to Nov. 1, 1918—Continued.

PLAGUE-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Mesopotamia:				
Amara	May 21-27			Present.
	do	ļ		Do.
Peru				Jan. 1-June 30, 1917: Cases, 245
Departments	1 4 1 15	١.	Ì	deaths, 122. July 1-Dec. 31
Ancachs	Apr. 1-15	1 7	• • • • • • • • • •	1917: Cases, 169; deaths, 89;
Cajamarca	Apr. 16-May 31			For distribution according to
Lambayeque	do	40		departments, see Public Health Reports, July 26, 1918
Lime	do	76		p. 1261. Apr. i-May 31, 1918
Pinro	do	9		Cases, 71.
Rhodesia				Aug. 30, 1918: Present in north-
Siam:			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ern Rhodesia.
Bangkok	May 10-June 20	82	62	
Do		43	35	
Straits Settlements:				
Penang	June 2-29	6	6	
Do	June 30-Aug. 17	8	7	
Singapore	Apr. 2-June 22	61	53	
Do	June 30-Aug. 17	9	6	
On vessel:	1			
S. S. Hector	Aug. 10-21	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	At Gravesend, Port of London,
			_ '	6 members of crew.
S. S. Moora	Aug. 31	3	2	At Dundee, Scotland, from Cal-
	i i			cutta. One of cases pncu-
0 0 0	3510	3		monic.
S. S. Somali	May 19	3	1	At Gravesend, England, from Bombay. Further case de-
	i			Bombay. Further case de- veloped June 2 in member of
				crew at Rochester, England.
S. S. Sunning	1		1	Local steamer at Shanghai; re-
15, 17, 17thaning			•	ported Aug. 14, 1918.
	1			por von 1245. 27, 1910.

SMALLPOX.

·	1		T	
Algeria:			l	
Algiers	May 1-June 30	121	34	į.
Brazil:	July 1-31	1		1
Bahia	May 5-June 22	2	l	1
Rio de Janeiro	May 5-June 29	30	4	1
Do	June 30-Aug. 3	80	17	!
Santos British East Africa:	Apr. 22-28	• • • • • • • •	1	İ
Mombasa	Jan. 1-June 30		. 5	
Canada:			1	1
British Columbia—	T 00 00		1	
Victoria Do	June 23-29 July 7-Aug. 3	4 2		
Manitoba—	July 1-Aug. 3	•		
Winnipeg	June 9-22			
Do	July 7-20	4		
New Brunswick— Moncton	June 16-22	2		
Do	July 7-13	1		
Nova Scotia—	1	•	1	
Halifax	June 22-28	10		
Do		97		
Sydney Ontario	June 30-Aug. 31	3		June 1-30, 1918; Cases, 15. July
Gloucester	Ang. 1-31	1		1-31, 1918: Cases, 38.
Gloucester Nipissing district	do	5	1	In Indian settlement.
Ottawa	do	8		
Wallaceburg Windsor	July 21-27	2 1		
Prince Edward Island—	July 21-27			
Summerside	July 9-15	1.	l	
Quebec—			1 1	
Montreal	July 7-13	1		
Colon	Sept. 22-28	1	1 1	
Panama	Aug. 12-Sept. 28	80		
Ceylon:				
Colombo	Mar. 22-June 29	30	2	
Do	June 30-July 27	8	21	

Reports Received from June 29 to Nov. 1, 1918-Continued.

SMALLPOX—Continued.

	BMALLPUX	Com	unued.	•
Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
China:			1	
Amoy	Apr. 1-June 29		.	. Present.
Do	. June 30-Sept. 1		······································	. Do.
Antung	May 20-Aug. 4 May 12-June 29		1	. Do.
Do.	July 21-Aug. 24	1		Do.
Dairen	. May 7-July 1	51	10	
Do	. July 2-15	1 6	1	D-
Foochow		2		Do. Chinese Eastern Ry.
Harbin	Mar. 20-June 3	1 4		Do.
Do	July 1-7	2		. Do.
Manchuria Station	Peb. 19-June 9	.5	2	. Do.
HongkongDo	Apr. 6-June 8 July 28-Aug. 3	19 1	li	į
Nanking	June 10-22		l	Present.
Do	June 30-Aug. 31			Do.
Shanghai	ADT. 21-June 2	3]	
TientsinTsingtau	May 19-June 15 May 6-June 30	10 28	i	
Ďo.	July 1-14	4	1	-
Chosen (Korea):	1			
Chemulpo	July 1-31	2	1	
Colombia: Barranquilla	July 14-Aug. 31	3	1	1
Cartagena	May 21-July 1		2	
♦ Do	July 8-Aug. 19		2	1
Denmark:	T 10 00		1	
CopenhagenDo.	June 16-22	13		
Ecuador:	July 25-56[AL. 7			
Guayaquil	Apr. 1-30	2		
Egypt:	35		ĺ	
Alexandria	May 7-13	1		
La Rochelle	June 2-8	1	1	`
Paris	Apr. 21-June 29	14	3	
Do	June 30-Aug. 31	18	3	Including variable
Rouen	May 12-June 15	6		Including varioloid. Mar. 24-June 1, 1918; Cases, 29.
reat Britain:	i	• • • • • •		
Liverpool	June 9-15	1		From vessel.
Greece: Kalamata	June 26			Present.
India:	June 20	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Tresent.
Bombay	Mar. 21-June 15	1,132	553	
Calcutta	Apr. 14-June 29		246	
Do Karachi	June 30-July 20	206	48 149	
Do	Apr. 6-June 29 June 30-July 13 Mar. 21-June 15 June 30-July 27	, 200	2	
Madras	Mar. 21-June 15	77	27	
Do	June 30-July 27	68	24	Mar. 17-May 4, 1918; Cases, 77;
RangoonDo	Mar. 31-June 22 June 30-Aug. 3	81	35 2	deaths, 33.
ndo-China	June 30-Aug. 5			Jan. 1-Apr. 30, 1918; Cases, 4,043;
Anam	Jan. 1-Apr. 30	1,253	149	deaths, 888.
Cambodia	do	173	48	Mars 00 Torre 10 1010 Green 48
Cochin-ChinaCholon	May 29-June 16	1,967	697	May 20-June 16, 1919: Cases, 67; deaths, 24.
Saigon	July 30-Aug. 25	31	4	Wattus, 21.
Kwang-Chow-Wan	Feb. 1-Apr. 30	122	68	
Laos	Jan. 1-Feb. 28	8	1	
Tonkintaly:	Jan. 1-Apr. 30	514	55	
Genoa.	June 14-30	19	5	
Do	July 2-Aug. 15	30	7	
Mezzojuso	May 29	•••••		Many cases. Province of Paler-
Milan	!	1		mo, Sicily. In April, 1918: Cases, 2. May 1-
Palermo	May 30-Jime 5	i		31, 1918: Cases, 54.
Turin	Apr. 15-June 9	16	1	, , , ,
apan:	Ang 10 21	اه	ا م	
Kobe Nagasaki	Aug. 18–31 May 2–June 30	2 14	2 2 1	
Do	July 3-21	. 1	ĩ	
Taihoku	May 21-July 1	18	9	Island of Formosa.
Do Tokyo	July 2-Sept. 2	24	2 3	Feb. 14-Mar. 13, 1918: Cases, 15.
10Ry0	May 5-June 23	24	3 1	ren. 14-21a. 10, 1916. Cuses, 13,

Reports Received from June 29 to Nov. 1, 1918-Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Java: East Java				Feb. 10 Ame 00 1019: One on
Surabaya	Feb. 26-June 24	10	3	. Feb. 12-Apr. 22, 1918: Case., 26 deaths, 4.
Do	June 25-Aug. 31	47		deaths, 4.
Mid-Java	June 25-Aug. 51	•		Feb. 14-June 26, 1918; Cases, 114
		1	1	deaths, 3. June 27-Aug. 31 1918: Cases, 92; deaths, 4. Feb. 22-June 27, 1918: Cases, 403 deaths, 148. June 28-Aug. 7
	i	ł	ı	1918: Cases, 92: deaths, 4.
West Java		1	.	Feb. 22-June 27, 1918; Cases, 403
Batavia	Feb. 2-June 27	108	50	deaths, 148. June 28-Aug. 7
Do	June 28-Aug. 7	112	87	1918: Cases, 411; deaths, 147.
Mesopotamia:				1
Bagdad	Mar. 6-June 28	47	1 7	
Do	June 39-July 12	3		
Mexico:	Tuma 10 16		١.	1
Aguasra'ientes	June 10-16	3	1	1
Guada'ajara Do	June 1-30	ı		1
Mazat'an	Ju'y 1-31 June 5-25	1	2	1
Do	Ju y 3-Aug. 6		3	
Mexico City	May 19-June 22	78		•
Mexico City	June 39-Sept. 21	32		
Vera Cruz	Sept. 16-22	3		1
Newfound'and:			1	
Bay Roberts	Aug. 23-Sept. 13	8		
Bell Is'and	Sept. 21	ĭ		•
Carmanville	Aug. 31-Sept. 6	2		
Colliers	Aug. 31-Oct. 11	12		İ
East Wabana	Aug. 23-30	1		
Greenspond	Sept. 21	2		i
Keels	Oct. 5-11	4		
Musgrave Harbor	Sept. 21	1		
St. Johns	Sept. 28-Oct. 11	2		
Shearstown	Sept. 21	2		
Spaniards Bay	Oct. 5-11	1 2		
Wabana	Sept. 21		• • • • • • • • • •	Dall Inland
Wadhams.	Sept. 7-13	18 7		Bell Island.
Phi ippine Islands:	C. pe. 1-10	•	•••••	
Mani!a	Apr. 8-June 29	884	616	Varioloid: Cases, 178; 1 death.
Do	June 30-Sept. 7	122	95	Varioloid: Cases, 11; 1 death.
Pertugal:	i			
Lisben	Feb. 24-June 29	97		
Do	June 30-Sept. 14	228		
Kussia:				
Archangel (government)	June 1-30	60		
LithuaniaViadivostok	Mar. 3-May 4	88	3	
iain:	June 15-30	8	2	
Bangkok	Mar II Tuno 00	9	3	
Do	May 11-June 29 July 14-Aug. 17	2	3	
liberia:	July 11-Aug. 11	- 1	•	
Vladivostok	May 1-June 15	31	5	
pain:		۷- ا	•	
Coruna	Apr. 28-June 30	1	1	
Do	Apr. 28-June 30 Ju:y 15-Aug. 11		2	
Ma'aga	Dec. 1-31		29	
1)0	Jan. 1–31		16	
Seville	Apr. 1-May 31		2	
Do	Ju y 1-31	•••••	4	
Valenciatraits Settlements:	Aug. 11-31	5		
	Mar. 5 11	2	1	
weden:	May 5-11	2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	June 9-15	10	1	
		40	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Stockholmunisia:		:	9	
Stockholm unisia: Tunis	July 20-Aug. 23	:	2	•
Stockholm Junisia: Tunis Inicn of Scuth Africa: Cape Town	July 20-Aug. 23 July 20-Aug. 2	1	2	From overseas, in a Nigerian
Stockholm Junisia: Tunis Inicn of Scuth Africa: Cape Town	July 20-Aug. 23	1 37	2	From overseas, in a Nigerian so:dier.

Reports Received from June 29 to Nov. 1, 1918--- Continued.

TYPHUS FEVER.

AIFRUS FEVER.						
Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.		
Argentina:	_					
Rosario Austria-Hungary:	Apr. 1 -May 31	! 	. 2	1		
HungaryBudapest	Feb. 25-Apr. 28	51	i	Feb. 25-Apr. 28, 1918; Cases, 299; deaths, 9.		
Brazil: Rio de Janeiro Do	May 26-June 8 July 7-13	2 1				
Canada: Ontario	•y / 19.	•		•		
Toronto	Sept. 1-7	1		. i		
AntungDo.	May 20-June 9 July 8-Sept. 15	4 9	4			
Changsha Harbin	May 11-17	2 37	· 1	On Chinese Eastern Ry.		
Do	Jan. 1-June 16 July 1-7 Jan. 15-June 30	41		Do.		
Do	July 1-14	3		1		
Pogranitchnaya Shanghai	May 20-June 16 May 5-11		1			
Chosen (Korea):	July 14-20	1		1		
Seoul	June 1-30 July 1-31	17 4	4 2			
Colombia: Barranquilla	Aug. 25-Sept. 7		2			
Egypt: Alexandria	May 7-July 1	1.362	321			
Do	July 2-Sept. 2	425	113			
Germany Great Britain:		• • • • • • •		Apr. 14-May 11, 1918: Cases, 34: deaths, 4. In addition, 101		
Belfast Edinburgh	May 26-June 1 June 9-15	1	·····i	cases among prisoners of war, of which 99 in Konigsberg and		
Glasgow	May 19-June 29 July 21-Aug. 3	13 3	5	1 in Oppelin, and 3 cases among the repatriated from Volhynia,		
Greece: Athens	Apr. 14-May 13		5	Russia.		
Janina Saloniki	Aug. 29	15	36	And in vicinity.		
Do	June 30-Sept. 7		60			
Italy: Corato	May 6-June 2	4		Province of Bari.		
Do Moneta	Aug. 18–24 May 6–June 9	2 25		Do.		
Naples Japan:	Apr. 20-May 5	1				
Kobe Nagasaki	July 7-Aug. 3 May 27-June 23 July 3-Sept. 15	10 1	5 1			
Do Tokyo	July 3-Sept. 15 June 24-July 7	13	4			
Java:	Julie 24-July 7	1		Feb. 10 1 8 1016. Care 06.		
East Java Surabaya	Feb. 12-Apr. 8	22	6	Feb. 12-Apr. 8, 1918: Cases, 29; deaths, 8.		
Mid-Java Samarang	Feb. 21-May 22	10	2	Feb. 14-May 22, 1918; Cases, 32; deaths, 4. Feb. 28-June 6, 1918; Cases, 89;		
West Ja a Batavia	Feb. 28-June 6	61	15	feb. 28-June 6, 1918; Cases, 89; deaths, 18.		
Mesopotamía: Bagdad	Mar. 29-June 7	101				
Do	June 30-July 12	5				
Aguascalientes	July 8-14		1	Epidemic: Reported present		
GuadalajaraDo	June 1-30	5 5	2 2	from about June 15, 1918.		
Mexico City	July 1-31 May 19-June 22	186				
DoPortugal:	June 30-Sept. 21	106				
Lisbon	Feb. 24-May 25	5 .				
Vladivostok	May 1-June 15	16 1	2 1			

Reports Received from June 29 to Nov. 1, 1918—Continued.

TYPHUS FEVER-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Russia: Lithuania				Mar. 3-May 4, 1918: Cases, 2,511:
Poland	Man 10 Man 10			deaths, 100. Mar. 10-May 18, 1918: Cases, 8,500:
Lodz	Mar. 10-May 18 Mar. 10-Apr. 27	2,428	79 376	deaths, 766.
Cadiz	Aug. 1-31 Apr. 1-30	i	1	
StockholmTunisia:	Aug. 11-17			
Tunis	May 18-June 28 June 29-July 26	10 5	3 2	·
Cupe of Good Hope, State	••••••	••••		Sept. 10, 1914—Apr. 21, 1918: Cases, 4,787 (European, 34); deaths, 939 (European, 25). June 2-15, 1918: Present in interior towns
Do	•••••			among natives. July 8-Aug. 3, 1918: Present in
Port Elizabeth	Aug. 11-17	1		interior towns, Port Elizabeth district. Present in district among natives,
Natal				Aug. 11-Sept. 3, 1918. Dec. 1, 1917-Apr. 21, 1918: Case, 50; deaths, 11.

YELLOW FEVER.

Brazil: Bahia Do Pernambuco	Apr. 27-June 29 June 30-July 6 June 1-15	27 4	9 2 1	
Do. Ecuador: Gusyaquil. Do. Naranjal. Do. Punta de Piedra. Vinces.	Oct. 17	74 76 2 1 1	39 37 1 1	Present. And vicinity. Feb. 16-28, 1918. Cases, 2.
Guatemala: San Jose	To Sept. 27		14	Oct. 2, 1918, present.